CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH



CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the General Assembly of Şok Marketler Ticaret A.Ş.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated statement of financial position of Şok Marketler Ticaret A.Ş. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") as at 30 June 2022 and the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the six-month period then ended and summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes (Notes 1-31). The management of the Group is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this consolidated interim financial information in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard 34 ("TAS 34") "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements ("SRE") 2410, "Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity". A review of consolidated interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, a review on the consolidated interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to conclude that the accompanying consolidated interim financial information does not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Şok Marketler Ticaret A.Ş. as at 30 June 2022, and its financial performance and cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with TAS 34.



Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Appendices I and II "Other Information" to the accompanying consolidated interim financial information (but does not include the consolidated interim financial information and our auditor's conclusion thereon).

Our conclusion on the consolidated interim financial information does not cover such other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our review of the consolidated interim financial information, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated interim financial information or our knowledge obtained in the review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Additional explanation for convenience translation into English

As disclosed in Note 2.1 to the accompanying consolidated interim financial information Turkish Financial Reporting Standards differ from International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board with respect to the application of IAS 29 - Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies as of and for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2022. Therefore, the accompanying consolidated interim financial information is not intended to present fairly the consolidated financial position of the Group as of 30 June 2022 and the results of its operations for the 6-month period then ended in accordance with IFRS.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve

Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Adnan Akan, SMMM

Partner

Istanbul, 16 August 2022

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2022 AND 31 DECEMBER 2021 $\,$

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

ASSETS

		Reviewed	Audited
		30 June	31 December
Current Assets	Note	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents		1.146.661.931	1.343.778.022
Trade receivables	7	86.465.991	99.962.387
Trade receivables from related parties	27	54.900.910	57.553.754
Trade receivables from third parties		31.565.081	42.408.633
Other receivables	8	29.409.574	10.822.198
Inventories	9	5.759.865.397	2.849.358.576
Prepaid expenses	10	19.693.961	15.797.639
Other current assets	19	246.288.410	50.036.159
Total Current Assets	- -	7.288.385.264	4.369.754.981
Non Current Assets			
Other receivables	8	51.360.450	34.667.958
Property, plant and equipment	12	2.529.396.164	1.828.765.126
Right of use assets	11	2.968.950.986	2.565.326.249
Intangible assets		707.692.545	703.674.386
Goodwill	14	579.092.596	579.092.596
Other intangible assets	13	128.599.949	124.581.790
Deferred tax as sets	26	244.176.402	232.641.139
Total Non-Current Assets	- -	6.501.576.547	5.365.074.858
TOTAL ASSEIS	- =	13.789.961.811	9.734.829.839

ŞOK MARKETLER TİCARET A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2022 AND 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

		Reviewed	Audited
		30 June	31 December
Current Liabilities	Note	2022	2021
Short-term lease liabilities	6	1.140.731.261	958.494.362
Short-term portion of long term borrowings	6	-	711.932
Trade payables	7	8.168.576.475	5.321.360.305
Trade payables to related parties	27	515.070.134	558.094.914
Trade payables to third parties		7.653.506.341	4.763.265.391
Payables related to employee benefits	17	410.492.700	202.283.910
Other payables	8	16.037.979	9.131.172
Current tax liabilities	26	130.438.271	-
Deferred income	10	66.092.267	38.749.807
Other short-term provisions		184.925.851	412.816.552
Provision for short-term employee benefits	17	77.111.233	49.094.657
Other provisions	15	107.814.618	363.721.895
Other current liabilities	19	61.261.877	122.233.241
Total Current Liabilities		10.178.556.681	7.065.781.281
Non current liabilities			
Long-term lease liabilities	6	2.352.841.467	2.050.915.733
Provision for long-term employee benefits	17	152.106.686	100.705.867
Other payables	8	856.642	575.099
Deferred income	10	58.067	20.962.021
Total Non-Current Liabilities		2.505.862.862	2.173.158.720
EQUITY			
Share capital	20	593.290.008	611.928.571
Repurchased shares	20		(180.724.551)
Effect of transactions under common control	20	(567.113.629)	(567.113.629)
Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense that		(======================================	(00111111111111111111111111111111111111
Defined benefit plans reameasurement losses	20	(13.662.982)	(13.050.781)
Restricted reserves	20	8.919.271	5.156.924
Retained earnings / (Accumulated losses)		473.843.107	319.995.612
Net profit / (loss) for the year		610.266.493	324.323.116
Shareholder's equity		1.105.542.268	500.515.262
Non-controlling interest			(4.625.424)
Total Equity	•	1.105.542.268	495.889.838
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	•	13.789.961.811	9.734.829.839
	:		

ŞOK MARKETLER TİCARET A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARY

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

		Reviewed 1 January- 30 June	Reviewed 1 April- 30 June	Reviewed 1 January- 30 June	Reviewed 1 April- 30 June
-	Note	2022	2022	2021	2021
Revenue	21	23.545.297.930	13.348.871.207	13.216.469.592	6.839.425.291
Cost of sales (-)	21	(17.903.415.451)	(10.214.380.039)	(10.144.882.087)	(5.262.847.077)
Gross profit		5.641.882.479	3.134.491.168	3.071.587.505	1.576.578.214
Marketing and selling expenses (-)	22	(3.990.305.870)	(2.197.763.863)	(2.134.397.985)	(1.086.769.049)
General administrative expenses (-)	22	(167.087.824)	(105.113.759)	(72.932.226)	(36.990.744)
Other income from operating activities	23	23.899.417	11.818.066	2.396.686	1.544.619
Other expenses from operating activities (-)	23	(256.955.921)	(117.210.781)	(303.032.336)	(146.925.238)
Operating profit	-20	1.251.432.281	726.220.831	563.621.644	307.437.802
Income from investing activities	24	63.263.930	21.994.099	72.129.297	38.755.728
Expenses from investing activities (-)	24	(635.965)	(250.977)	(1.675.483)	(1.097.994)
Loss before finance expenses	2.	1.314.060.246	747.963.953	634.075.458	345.095.536
_					
Financial expenses (-)	25	(515.611.181)	(264.692.252)	(372.226.204)	(194.574.691)
Profit from continuing operations before taxation		798.449.065	483.271.701	261.849.254	150.520.845
Income tax expense	26	(199.564.620)	(112.208.281)		297.683
Deferred tax income / (expense)	26	11.382.048	(11.105.242)	(67.666.952)	(40.373.854)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		610.266.493	359.958.178	194.182.302	110.444.674
Attributable to: Equity holders of the parent Non-controlling interests Profit / (Loss) per share Earnings per share from continuing operation	30 as	610.266.493 1,0286 1,0286	352.572.640 7.385.538 0,5943 0,5943	195.825.976 (1.643.674) 0,3301 0,3301	111.948.408 (1.503.734) 0,1887 0,1887
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/	(LOSS)				
Items that will not be reclassed to profit or loss Defined benefit plans remeasurement		(614.063)	1.074.929	(583.793)	538.720
(losses)/gains	17	(767.278)	1.349.716	(731.826)	671.315
Deferred tax income / (expense)	26	153.215	(274.787)	148.033	(132.595)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME		(614.063)	1.074.929	(583.793)	538.720
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)		609.652.430	361.033.107	193.598.509	110.983.394
Allocation of Total comprehensive Income/(Loss) Non-Controlling Interests		4.625.424	1.885.695	(1.648.686)	(1.510.191)
Equity Holders of the Parent		605.027.006	359.147.412	195.247.195	112.493.585
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		609.652.430	361.033.107	193.598.509	110.983.394

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense that will not be reclassified to profit or loss

Retained earnings / accumulated losses

	Share capital	Repurchase of share	Defined benefit plans reameasurement losses	Restricted reserves	Effect of transactions under common control (*)	Profit / (Loss) for the year	Retained earnings / Accumulated Losses	Shareholder's equity	Non-controlling interest (***)	Equity
Reported as of 1 January 2021	611.928.571	(180.724.551)	(13.263.816)	260.000	(567.113.629)	272.612.688	129.419.773	253.119.036	778.842	253.897.878
Transfer to retained earnings						(272.612.688)	272.612.688			
Total comprehensive expense			(578.781)		==	195.825.976		195.247.195	(1.648.686)	193.598.509
Dividends					==		(79.565.667)	(79.565.667)	==	(79.565.667)
Balance as of 30 June 2022	611.928.571	(180.724.551)	(13.842.597)	260.000	(567.113.629)	195.825.976	322.466.794	368.800.564	(869.844)	367.930.720
Balance as of 1 January 2022	611.928.571	(180.724.551)	(13.050.781)	5.156.924	(567.113.629)	324.323.116	319.995.612	500.515.262	(4.625.424)	495.889.838
Transfer to retained earnings				3.762.347		(324.323.116)	320.560.769			
Capital decrease (**)	(18.638.563)	180.724.551					(162.085.988)			
Total comprehensive expense (loss)			(612.201)			610.266.493	(4.627.286)	605.027.006	4.625.424	609.652.430
Balance as of 30 June 2022	593.290.008		(13.662.982)	8.919.271	(567.113.629)	610.266.493	473.843.107	1.105.542.268		1.105.542.268

^(*) The effect of business combinations under common control is disclosed in Note 3.

^(**) The explanation regarding the capital decrease is disclosed in Note 1.

^(***) Şok Marketler Ticaret A.Ş. As of 30 June 2022, with the purchase of the 20% minority share in the consolidated Mevsim Taze Sebze Meyve San.Tic.A.Ş., on 30 June 2022, there is no non-controlling interest.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

	Note	1 January- 30 June 2022	1 January- 30 June 2021
A. OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit for the year		610.266.493	194.182.302
Adjustments related to reconciliation of net profit / (loss) for			
-Depreciation and amortisation expenses	11-12-13	508.333.822	390.913.868
-Provision for employee benefits	17	125.146.429	35.889.931
-Provision for doubtful receivables	7	18.770	49.327
-Provision for litigation	15	38.347.699	12.973.663
-Discount (income) / expenses		33.697.948	25.622.392
-Allowance for / reversal of impairment on inventories, net	9	55.864.233	20.358.481
-Loss on sales of property, plant and equipment	24	633.482	732.241
-Tax income	26	308.256.549	67.666.952
-Interest income	24	(63.261.447)	(71.469.968)
-Interest expenses	25	515.611.181	372.226.204
Cash generated by / (used in) operations before changes in		2.132.915.159	1.049.145.393
Changes in working capital:			
Changes in trade receivables		12.248.541	(1.948.025)
Changes in inventories		(2.966.371.054)	(287.220.738)
Changes in other receivables and current assets		(231.532.119)	(14.497.046)
Changes in trade payables		2.814.668.005	219.775.598
Changes in other payables and expense accruals		(53.783.014)	3.147.477
Changes in employee benefits		208.208.790	48.734.262
Changes in prepaid expenses		2.542.184	(7.033.705)
Cash used in operations		1.918.896.492	1.010.103.216
Income taxes paid		(189.200.326)	(1.949.152)
Collections from dubtful receivables	7	79.302	105.070
Payments for lawsuits	15	(294.254.976)	(3.440.670)
Retirement benefits paid	17	(46.496.312)	(23.444.305)
Net cash generated by operating activities:	_	1.389.024.180	981.374.159
B.INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received	24	63.261.447	71.469.968
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	12	(889.514.842)	(337.713.261)
Purchases of intangible assets	13	(9.103.413)	(6.405.754)
Cash inflows from the sale of property, plant and equipment	12-13	81.015	972.565
Net cash used in investing activities		(835.275.793)	(271.676.482)
C.FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payables for finance leases	6	(711.932)	(22.405.313)
Interest paid		(133.098.135)	(82.442.254)
Common control transaction related to acquisition of brands	25	(382.513.046)	(289.783.950)
Cash outflow lease payments related to debt payments	6	(234.541.365)	(174.392.384)
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	_	(750.864.478)	(569.023.901)
(A+B+C)		(197.116.091)	140.673.776
D.CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE		•	
BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD ECASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE	5 _	1.343.778.022	1.149.089.432
PERIOD (A+B+C+D)	5 =	1.146.661.931	1.289.763.208

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

GROUP'S ORGANISATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Şok Marketler Ticaret Anonim Şirketi ("Şok" or the "Company") was established in 1995 to operate in the retail sector, selling fast moving consuming products in Turkey. The registered address of the Company is Kısıklı Mah. Hanımseti Sok No:35 B/1 İstanbul/Üsküdar and continues its activities in 81 provinces of Turkey. The number of personnel is 45.968 as of 30 June 2022 (31 December 2021: 39.659).

Şok and its subsidiaries (together the "Group"), are comprised of the parent, Şok and two subsidiaries in which the Company owns the majority share of the capital or which are controlled by the Company.

On 25 August 2011, Şok 's shares were transferred from Migros Ticaret A.Ş.

The Group acquired 18 stores of Dim Devamlı İndirim Mağazacılık A.Ş between February 21, 2013 and March 28, 2013. The purchase was not made through the purchase of shares but through the purchase of the assets in stores.

On 19 April 2013, the Group signed share transfer agreement for the purpose of purchasing 100% of the DiaSA Dia Sabancı Süpermarketleri Tic. A.Ş ("DiaSA"). All of DiaSA's shares were transferred to Şok Marketler A.Ş. on 1 July 2013.

On 8 July 2013, 100% of the shares of Onur Ekspres Marketçilik A.Ş. was purchased by Şok. DiaSA and OnurEx merged with Şok on 1 November 2013 and 19 December 2013, respectively.

On 29 May 2015, the Group acquired 80% share of Mevsim Taze Sebze Meyve San. ve Tic. A.Ş. ("Mevsim"). On June 23, 2022, she acquired the remaining 20% of the shares, and had 100% of the shares.

On 26 December 2017, the Group acquired 55% shares of Teközel Gıda Temizlik Sağlık Marka Hizmetleri Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Teközel") and 45% shares on 2 July 2018, respectively. The Company merged with Teközel on 10 May 2019 with CMB approval dated 28 March 2019 and Trade Registry approval dated 10 May 2019. After the merger Şok acquired %100 shares of Teközel's subsidiary UCZ Mağazacılık Tic. A.Ş ("UCZ").

The Group's public shares are traded on Borsa İstanbul (BIST) as of 18 May 2018.

Within the framework of the registered capital system, with the completion of the public offering by restricting the rights of the existing shareholders to purchase new shares simultaneously, total capital of the Company increased by TL 33.428.571 to TL 611.928.571. As a result of the cancellation of the repurchased shares corresponding to TL 18.638.563, the Company's capital of TL 611.928.571 is decreased by TL 18.639.563 and became TL 593.290.008 as of 30 June 2022.

The Group's shareholding structure is presented in Note 20.

As of 30 June 2022 the Group has a total of 9.858 stores (31 December 2021: 9.247); 9.435 units ("Şok" sales store), 423 units ("Şok Mini" sales store) (31 December 2021: "Şok" sales store: 8.852, "Şok Mini" sales store: 395).

The Group's internet address is www.sokmarket.com.tr.

Approval of interim consolidated financial statements:

The Board of Directors has approved the consolidated financial statements and given authorization for the issuance on 16 August 2022.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Basis of the presentation

Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis, except for accounts specifically stated to be carried at fair value.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of the presentation (Continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs)

Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") published by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") as set out in the Communiqué numbered II-14.1 "Communiqué on Principles of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" published in the Official Gazette numbered 28676 on 13 June 2013. TFRSs consist of standards and interpretations which are published as Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS"), Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, interpretations of TAS and interpretations of TFRS. The consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with the TFRS Taxonomy developed based on the Illustrative Financial Statements and User Guide published in the Official Gazette numbered 30794 on 7 June 2019.

These consolidated financial statements are not prepared according to International Financial Reporting Standards. They deviate from IFRS due to the following:

The Turkish economy qualifies as a hyperinflationary one with effect from 31 March 2022 from IFRS standpoint.

On January 20, 2022, the Public Oversight Authority ("POA") made a statement on the Implementation of Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies within the Scope of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, Financial Reporting Standard for Large and Medium Sized Enterprises. Accordingly, it has been stated that businesses applying TFRS do not need to make any adjustments in their financial statements for 2021 within the scope of TAS 29 Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies. As of the preparation date of these consolidated financial statements, no further announcement has been made by POA on this subject. Consequently, TAS 29 has not been taken into account and no inflation adjutments were made for the 6-month period ended and as of 30 June 2022.

2.2 Functional Currency

The consolidated financial statements of the Group are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates. The results and financial position of the entity are expressed in TL, which is the functional currency of the Group, and the presentation currency for the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2.3 Going Concern

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared on the basis of the going concern.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.4 Basis of Consolidation

The details of the Group's subsidiaries at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021 are as follows:

	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December
_	2022	2021	2022	2021
Subsidiaries	Direct Owners	ship Rate %	Group Effien	cy Rate %
Mevsim Taze Sebze Meyve San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	100%	80%	100%	80%
UCZ Mağazacılık Tic. A.Ş.	100%	100%	100%	100%

Consolidated financial statements include financial statements of entities controlled by the Group and its subsidiaries.

Control is obtained by the Group, when the following terms are met;

- Having power over the invested company/assets
- Is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- Has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Profit or loss and other comprehensive income are attributable to the equity holders of both the parent company and non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of the subsidiaries in relation to accounting policies so that they conform to the accounting policies followed by the Group. All cash flows from in-group assets and liabilities, equity, income and expenses, and transactions between Group companies are eliminated in consolidation.

2.5 Changes in Accounting Policies

Significant changes in the accounting policies are accounted retrospectively and prior period's financial statements are restated. The Group has not made any changes in accounting policies in the reporting period.

2.6 Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

Following changes in key estimates:

Changes in accounting policies or accounting errors are applied retrospectively and the consolidated financial statements of the previous periods are restated. If estimated changes in accounting policies are for only one period, changes are applied on the current period but if the estimated changes effect the following periods, changes are applied both on the current and following years prospectively. There is no material change in accounting estimates of the Group in the current period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.7 Application of new and revised TFRSs

- a) Standards, amendments and interpretations applicable as at 30 June 2022:
- Amendment to TFRS 16, 'Leases' Covid-19 related rent concessions Extension of the practical expedient (effective 1 April 2021); As a result of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, rent concessions have been granted to lessees. In May 2020, the IASB published an amendment to TFRS 16 that provided an optional practical expedient for lessees from assessing whether a rent concession related to COVID-19 is a lease modification. On 31 March 2021, the IASB published an additional amendment to extend the date of the practical expedient from 30 June 2021 to 30 June 2022. Lessees can elect to account for such rent concessions in the same way as they would if they were not lease modifications. In many cases, this will result in accounting for the concession as variable lease payments in the period(s) in which the event or condition that triggers the reduced payment occurs. These amendments have no material impact no the Group's consolidated financial statements.
- b) Standards, amendments and interpretations that are issued but not effective as at 30 June 2022:
- A number of narrow-scope amendments to TFRS 3, TAS 16, TAS 37 and some annual improvements on TFRS 1, TFRS 9, TAS 41 and TFRS 16; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.
 - a. **Amendments to TFRS 3**, 'Business combinations' update a reference in TFRS 3 to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting without changing the accounting requirements for business combinations.
 - b. **Amendments to TAS 16**, 'Property, plant and equipment' prohibit a company from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, a company will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss.
 - c. **Amendments to TAS 37**, 'Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets' specify which costs a company includes when assessing whether a contract will be loss-making.

Annual improvements make minor amendments to TFRS 1, 'First-time Adoption of TFRS', TFRS 9, 'Financial Instruments', TAS 41, 'Agriculture' and the Illustrative Examples accompanying TFRS 16, 'Leases. These amendments have no material impact no the Group's consolidated financial statements.

- Amendments to TAS 1, Presentation of financial statements' on classification of liabilities; effective date deferred until accounting periods starting not earlier than 1 January 2024. These narrow-scope amendments to TAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements', clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the expectations of the entity or events after the reporting date (for example, the receipt of a waiver or a breach of covenant). The amendment also clarifies what TAS 1 means when it refers to the 'settlement' of a liability. These amendments have no material impact no the Group's consolidated financial statements.
- Narrow scope amendments to TAS 1, Practice statement 2 and TAS 8; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. The amendments aim to improve accounting policy disclosures and to help users of the financial statements to distinguish between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. These amendments have no material impact no the Group's consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.7 Application of new and revised TFRSs (Continued)

- b) Standards, amendments and interpretations that are issued but not effective as at 30 June 2022: (Continued)
- Amendment to TAS 12 Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction; from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. These amendments require companies to recognise deferred tax on transactions that, on initial recognition give rise to equal amounts of taxable and deductible temporary differences. These amendments have no material impact no the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue

Revenue is recognized in the consolidated financial statements at the transaction price. The transaction fee is the amount that the entity expects to receive in return for transferring the goods or services that it has committed to the customer, except for the amounts collected on behalf of third parties (Şok İşlem, Money Transfer). When the control of the goods or services is transferred to the customers, the related amount is reflected to the consolidated financial statements as revenue. Net sales are presented by deducting returns and discounts from sales of goods.

The Group recognizes revenue from the following main sources:

i) Retail revenues

The Group sells food and non-food fast-moving consumer goods through cash, credit card or customer cards (Istanbul Metropolitan Municipality (IBB) Social Card, Şok Card, Paye Card) and sells it to retail customers in retail stores and revenue is recognised when the ownership of the goods is transferred to the customer.

ii) Turnover premiums and discounts from sellers

The Group recognizes turnover premiums and discounts received from sellers on an accrual basis over the period in which the sellers benefit from the services.

iii) Wholesale revenues

The Group sells its food and non-food fast-moving consumer goods directly to its commercial customers directly from its own warehouse or to the customer. When the shipment is completed and the goods are delivered to the customer they are recognised as revenue.

Financing component of revenue

Approximately 50% - 60% of total revenue was made in cash and 40% - 50% in credit card in the financial reporting period ending on 30 June 2022 (2021: %50 - %60 in cash and %40 - %50 in credit card).

The Group management has concluded that there is no significant financing component for transactions identified as credit card and sales contracts. There is no difference between the promised consideration and the cash sale price of the goods or services promised and as a result it is concluded that discounted credit sales pursuant to TAS 18 will not be discounted by the application of TFRS 15.

Revenue recognition

Revenue Recognition Group recognises revenue based on the following five principles in accordance with the TFRS 15 - "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" standard:

- Identification of customer contracts
- Identification of performance obligations
- Determination of the transaction price in the contracts
- Allocation of transaction price to the performance obligations
- Recognition of revenue when the performance obligations are satisfied

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

According to this model, goods or services promised in each contract with customers are evaluated. Each commitment made to transfer goods or services is determined as a separate performance obligation. Afterwards, it is determined whether the performance obligations will be fulfilled over time or at a certain time. If the Group transfers control of a good or service over time and therefore fulfills the performance obligations related to the related sales over time, it measures the progress towards the full fulfillment of the said performance obligations and recognizes the revenue in the consolidated financial statements over time. Revenue related to performance obligations in the form of goods or services transfer commitments are recognized when control of the goods or services is taken over by customers.

The Group evaluates the following when evaluating the transfer of control of the goods or services sold to the customer:

- a) Ownership of the Group's right to collect on goods or services,
- b) Customer's legal ownership of the goods or services,
- c) Transfer of possession of goods or services,
- d) Customer's possession of significant risks and rewards arising from owning the property or service,
- e) Customer's acceptance of the goods or services.

Other income gained by the Group is reflected by the basis mentioned below:

• Interest income – accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value as of balance sheet date. Cost is calculated as the average cost over the month. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs incurred in marketing and selling.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalized in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. Other expenses are accounted under expense items in consolidated income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is charged on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. Based on the average useful lives of property and equipment, the following depreciation rates are determined as stated below:

Machinery and equipment4-50 yearsVehicles5 yearsFixtures and Furniture4-15 yearsLeasehold improvements5-20 years

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in consolidated profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognized separately from goodwill are initially recognized at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are reported at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Business combinations

The acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognized at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

Deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognized and measured in accordance with TAS 12 Income Taxes and TAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another TFRS.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period, or additional assets or liabilities are recognized, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognized at that date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Shares in Other Entities

For each subsidiary that the Group has a non-controlling interest in accordance with TFRS 12 the Group discloses (a) for each subsidiary that has a non-controlling interest, (a) the name of the subsidiary, (b) the place where the subsidiary operates mainly (and the country where the company is located, c) the share of ownership held by non-controlling interests, and (d) the share of the voting rights held by non-controlling interests in the event of a change from the ownership interest rate; (f) Disclose non-controlling interest in the subsidiary as of the end of the reporting period; and (g) financial information related to the subsidiary.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss in the statement of income. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

Leasing

The Group – as a lessee

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, The Group assess whether:

- a) The contract involved the use of an identified asset this may be specified explicitly or implicitly.
- b) The asset should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, the asset is not identified.
- c) The Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of an asset throughout the period of use; and
- d) The Group has the right to direct use of the asset. The Group concludes to have the right of use, when it is predetermined how and for what purpose the Group will use the asset. The Group has the right to direct use of asset if either:
 - i. the Group has the right to operate (or to have the right to direct others to operate) the asset over its useful life and the lessor does not have the rights to change the terms to operate or;
 - ii. the Group designed the asset (or the specific features) in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it is used.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leasing (Continued)

The Group – as a lessee (Continued)

Right of use asset

The right of use asset is initially recognized at cost comprising of:

- a) Amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and

The Group re-measure the right of use asset:

- a) After netting-off depreciation and reducing impairment losses from right of use asset,
- b) Adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability recognized at the present value

The Group applies TAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" to amortize the right of use asset and to asses for any impairment. If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the lessee by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the lessee will exercise a purchase option, the Group depreciate the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset. Otherwise, The Group depreciate the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

The Group apply TAS 36 Impairment of Assets to determine whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and to account for any impairment loss identified.

Lease Liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. Lease liabilities are discounted to present value by using the annual interest rate implicit in the lease if readily determined or with the Group's annual borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- a) Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as the commencement date,
- c) The exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- d) Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured:

- a) Increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on lease liability
- b) Reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and
- c) Remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>The Group – as a lessee (Continued)</u>

Interest on the lease liability in each period during the lease term is the amount that produces a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability. The Group determine the revised discount rate as the interest rate implicit in the lease for the remainder of the lease term, if that rate can be readily determined, or the lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the date of reassessment, if the interest rate implicit in the lease cannot be readily determined. After the commencement date, The Group remeasure the lease liability to reflect changes to the lease payments. The Group recognise the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

The Group shall remeasure the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate, if either:

- a) There is a change in the lease term. The Group determine the revised lease payments on the basis of the revised lease term; or
- b) There is a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset. The Group determine the revised lease payments to reflect the change in amounts payable under the purchase option.

The Group determine the revised discount rate as the interest rate implicit in the lease for the remainder of the lease term, if that rate can be readily determined, or the lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the date of reassessment, if the interest rate implicit in the lease cannot be readily determined.

The Group remeasure the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments, if either:

- a) There is a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee. The Group determine the revised lease payments to reflect the change in amounts expected to be payable under the residual value guarantee.
- b) There is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments. The Group remeasure the lease liability to reflect those revised lease payments only when there is a change in the cash flows.

The Group determine the revised lease payments for the remainder of the lease term based on the revised contractual payments. In that case, the Group use an unchanged discount rate.

The Group recognises the restructuring of the lease as a separate leasing if both of the following are met:

- a) The restructuring extends the scope of the leasing by including the right of use of one or more underlying assets, and
- b) The lease payment amount increases as much as the appropriate adjustments to the price mentioned individually so that the increase in scope reflects the individual price and the terms of the relevant agreement.

The Group management used the alternative borrowing rate as the discount rate during the acquisition of the lease obligation. The alternative borrowing rate consists of the estimated interest rate that the Group management will incur for a loan in the amount of its gross lease liabilities.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest Group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax annual discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Group's statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis.

The Group classifies its financial assets as (a) Business model used for managing financial assets, (b) financial assets subsequently measured at amortised cost, at fair value through other comprehensive income or at fair value through profit or loss based on the characteristics of contractual cash flows. The Group reclassifies all financial assets effected from the change in the business model it uses for the management of financial assets. The reclassification of financial assets is applied prospectively from the reclassification date. In such cases, no adjustment is made to gains, losses (including any gains or losses of impairment) or interest previously recognized in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification of financial assets

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are measured subsequently at amortised cost:

- The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are measured subsequently at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

By default, all other financial assets are measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

Despite the foregoing, the Group may make the following irrevocable election/designation at initial recognition of a financial asset; the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if certain criteria are met.

(i) Amortised cost and effective interest method

Interest income on financial assets carried at amortized cost is calculated using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. This income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset:

- (a) Credit-impaired financial assets when purchased or generated. For such financial assets, the Group applies the effective interest rate on the amortized cost of a financial asset based on the loan from the date of the recognition in the financial statements.
- (b) Non-financial assets that are impaired at the time of acquisition or generation but subsequently become a financial asset that has been impaired. For such financial assets, the Group applies the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the asset in the subsequent reporting periods.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost and at FVTOCI.

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "finance income – interest income" line item (Note 24).

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI (see (i) to (ii) above) are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss to the extent they are not part of a designated hedging relationship.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

2.

Foreign exchange gains and losses

The carrying amount of financial assets that are denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of each reporting period. In particular, foreign exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss for financial assets that are shown at amortized cost and are not part of a defined hedge.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI, lease receivables, trade receivables and contract assets, as well as financial guarantee contracts. No impairment loss is recognised for investments in equity instruments. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group utilizes a simplified approach for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables that does not have significant financing component and calculates the allowance for impairment against the lifetime ECL of the related financial assets.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Measurement and recognition of expected credit losses

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

For financial assets, the expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss. In contrast, on derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to retained earnings.

ŞOK MARKETLER TİCARET A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL on initial recognition. On initial recognition of liabilities other than those that are recognised at FVTPL, transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance thereof are also recognised in the fair value

A financial liability is subsequently classified at amortized cost except:

- (a) Financial liabilities at FVTPL: These liabilities including derivative instruments are subsequently measured at fair value.
- (b) Financial liabilities arising if the transfer of the financial asset does not meet the conditions of derecognition from the financial statements or if the ongoing relationship approach is applied: When the Group continues to present an asset based on the ongoing relationship approach, a liability in relation to this is also recognised in the financial statements. The transferred asset and the related liability are measured to reflect the rights and liabilities that the Group continues to hold. The transferred liability is measured in the same manner as the net book value of the transferred asset.
- (c) A contingent consideration recognized in the financial statements by the entity acquired in a business combination where TFRS 3 is applied: After initial recognition, the related contingent consideration is measured as at FVTPL.

A financial liability is measured at fair value during its initial recognition. During the initial recognition of financial liabilities whose fair value difference is not reflected in profit or loss, transaction costs that can be directly associated with the undertaking of the relevant financial liability are added to the fair value in question. Financial liabilities are accounted over the amortized cost value by using the effective interest method together with the interest expense calculated over the effective interest rate in the following periods.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Earnings per share

Earnings per share disclosed in the consolidated income statement are determined by dividing net income attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period concerned.

Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies (currencies other than Turkish Lira) in the legal books of the Group are translated into Turkish Lira at the rates of exchange prevailing at the transaction dates. Assets and liabilities in balance sheet denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising on settlement and translation of foreign currency items are included in the consolidated statements of profit or loss.

Events After the Reporting Period

Events after the reporting period cover the events which arise between the balance sheet date and the date when the consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, even if they occur after an announcement related with the profit for the year or disclosure of other selected financial information.

The Group restates its consolidated financial statements if such subsequent events arise which require to adjust consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Provisions, Contingent Assets and Liabilities

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of receivable can be measured reliably.

Related Parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the entity that is preparing its financial statements (in this standard referred to as the 'reporting entity'

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
 - (i) Has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
 - (ii) Has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
 - (iii) Is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- (b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity) Transactions with the related parties: Relationships between a parent and its subsidiaries shall be disclosed irrespective of whether there have been transactions between them.

The transactions of resources, services or obligations between reporting entity and related party are transfers whether there is consideration of price or not.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Business combinations under common control

The Group recognizes business combinations under common control by using pooling of interest method in the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly:

- No goodwill is recognized in the financial statements
- Goodwill recognized from the acquisition of an acquiree has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.
- While application of the pooling of interest method financial statements are restated as if the business combination
 was effected and presented comparatively as of the beginning of the reporting period when the common control
 existed:
- As it would be appropriate for parent company to consider the inclusion of business combinations under common control to consolidated financial statements, for consolidation purposes, financial statements including combination accounting are restated in accordance with TAS as if the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with TAS prior and subsequent to the date that Group's controlling party has common control over entities.
- In order to eliminate potential assets-liabilities difference arising from business combinations within the scope of under common control transactions, "Effect of transactions under common control" account has been used as an offset account.

Current tax

Taxable profit/loss differs from 'profit/loss before tax' as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Turkish tax legislation does not allow the parent company to file its subsidiaries and affiliates tax returns based on its condensed consolidated financial statements. Therefore, provisions for taxes reflected in these condensed consolidated financial statements have been calculated separately for all companies included in the full consolidation.

Deferred tax liability or assets are determined by calculating the tax effects of temporary differences between the amounts of assets and liabilities shown in the individual financial statements of the businesses within the scope of consolidation and the amounts taken into account in the legal tax base calculation according to the balance sheet method, taking into account the enacted tax rates. While deferred tax liabilities are calculated for all taxable temporary differences, deferred tax assets consisting of deductible temporary differences are calculated on the condition that it is highly probable to benefit from these differences by generating taxable profit in the future. The mentioned assets and liabilities are not recognized if they arise from the initial recognition of the temporary difference, goodwill or other assets and liabilities (other than business combinations) related to the transaction that does not affect the commercial or financial profit/loss.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred tax (Continued)

The carrying amount of the deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date. The carrying value of the deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is not probable that a financial profit will be obtained to allow some or all of the benefits to be obtained.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated over tax rates (tax regulations) that are expected to be valid in the period when the assets will be realized or the liabilities will be fulfilled and that have been enacted or substantially enacted as of the balance sheet date. During the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, the tax results of the methods estimated by the Group to recover the book value of its assets or fulfill its liabilities as of the balance sheet date are taken into account.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax are recognized as in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Inflation Accounting

On January 20, 2022, the Public Oversight Authority made a statement on the Implementation of Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies within the Scope of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, Financial Reporting Standard for Large and Medium Sized Enterprises. Accordingly, it has been stated that businesses applying TFRS do not need to make any adjustments in their financial statements for 2021 within the scope of TAS 29 Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies. As of the preparation date of these consolidated financial statements, no disclosure has been made by KGK within the scope of TAS 29, Inflation in accordance with TAS 29 while preparing the consolidated financial statements as of 30 June 2022 no corrections have been made.

Employee Benefits

Termination and retirement benefits

Under Turkish law and union agreements, lump sum payments are made to employees retiring or involuntarily leaving the Group. Such payments are considered as being part of defined retirement benefit plan as per International Accounting Standard No. 19 (revised) "Employee Benefits" ("IAS 19"). The retirement benefit obligation recognized in the consolidated balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation. The actuarial gains and losses are recognized in consolidated other comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.8 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows

In statement of cash flows, cash flows are classified according to operating, investment and finance activities.

Share capital and dividends

Common shares are classified as equity. Dividends on common shares are recognized in equity in the period in which they are approved and declared.

2.9 Critical Accounting Judgments and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The critical decisions, evaluations, estimates and assumptions made by the Group while applying its accounting policies are as follows:

Deferred tax asset

The Group recognizes deferred tax asset and liability on the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements prepared in accordance with TFRS and the corresponding tax bases which are used in the computation of taxable profit. Under current circumstances, the partial or complete annual recoverable amounts of deferred tax assets are predicted. During the evaluation, future profit projections, current year's losses, unused losses and the expiration dates of other tax assets, and if necessary tax planning strategies are considered. In accordance with the data obtained, if the Group's taxable profit, which will be obtained in the future, is not sufficient to utilize the deferred tax assets, an allowance is recognized either for the whole or for a portion of the deferred tax assets.

As of 30 June 2022, deferred tax asset amounting to TL 8.592.872 is related to the tax loss of Mevsim. (December 31, 2021 Şok's tax loss: TL 53.774.395, Mevsim's tax loss: TL 6.311.161). The group concluded that the assets will be available in the future using estimated taxable income, based on approved business plans, estimates such as the increase in the number of stores and profitability. Losses can be carried for a maximum of 5 years to be deducted from the taxable profit that will occur in the coming years.

Allowance of inventory

The Group has recognized an allowance for net realizable value of non-food inventory that is not expected to be used and/or slow moving over 90 days. The Group has identified inventories for which the net realizable value is less than carrying value. Based on the management analysis, an allowance amounting to TL 120.903.203 is recognized for net realizable value of inventories (31 December 2021: TL 65.038.970).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.9 Critical Accounting Judgments and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Continued)

The critical decisions, evaluations, estimates and assumptions made by the Group while applying its accounting policies are as follows: (Continued)

Impairment of goodwill

In accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 2.8, goodwill is annually tested by the Group for impairment. The recoverable value of cash generating units is determined on the basis of fair value.

As a result of internal management purposes, goodwill is allocated to groups of cash-generating units that have similar neighborhoods and similar customer basis. Group of cash generating units are that allocated to districts by post codes.

Recoverable amount of each cash generating unit is determined based on fair value ("FV") less cost to sell of each cash generating unit that is determined according to relative valuation techniques by applying combination of multiples FV/EBITDA and FV/Sales by 40% and 60% respectively. Group management has applied 14.0X multiple for FV/EBITDA and 0.75X multiple for FV/Sales in the impairment model which is consistent with benchmarks and market conditions. As a result of the impairment tests conducted and detailed as of 30 June 2022 no impairment was detected in the goodwill amount associated with the cash-generating units.

Provisions

In accordance with the accounting policy in Note 2.8, provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Accordingly as of 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021 the Group evaluated the current risks and booked the required provisions (Note 15).

Useful life of property and equipment and intangible assets

The Group calculates depreciation for its tangible and intangible fixed assets over their expected useful lives.

Şok brand value is determined by independent valuation specialists during the purchase of Şok which is mentioned in Note 1. Because the useful life of brand value is not limited by any special agreement or regulation and it keeps generating cash flows; it is assumed that the brand value has an indefinite useful life. The brand which is considered as indefinite useful life is annually reviewed by the Group for impairment.

The brand value is determined by the calculation amount generated from the operations. These calculations are based on estimates of cash flows after tax based on the financial budget covering five-year period. Estimates of EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization) are an important part of these calculations. As a result of estimations and calculations made by the Group management, Group management concluded that there is no impairment on brand value as of 30 June 2022.

Extension and termination options

In determining the lease liability, the Group considers the extension and termination options. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable both by the group and by the respective lessor. Extension options are included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended. The group remeasures the lease term, if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs which affects the initial assessment.

3. TRANSACTIONS UNDER COMMON CONTROL

After the merger with Teközel, the amount of Transactions Under Common Control account shareholder's equity is TL 567.113.629 on 10 May 2019.(31 December 2021: TL 567.113.629).

ŞOK MARKETLER TİCARET A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

4. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group's operating segments are identified based on the information provided to and analyzed by the CEO, which represents the chief operating decision maker (CODM), making decisions regarding the allocation of resources and assessing performance.

For the purposes of TFRS 8, the activities performed by the Group are identified as belonging to a single operating segment, given that the Group's business consists of retail stores selling fast moving consumer products in Turkey and that the CODM reviews the Group's stores as a whole.

5. DISCLOSURES RELATED TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Cash on hand	274.583.409	196.941.526
Cash at banks	793.029.283	1.077.377.664
Time deposits	781.258.316	1.072.211.021
Demand deposits	11.770.967	5.166.643
Credit cart deposits	79.049.239	69.458.832
Cash and cash equivalents	1.146.661.931	1.343.778.022

There are no restrictions on bank deposits of the Group as at 30 June 2022 (31 December 2021: None). As of 30 June 2022 the Group's average interest rate on TL time deposits is 19,88% (31 December 2021: 26,24%). Explanations about the nature and level of risks related to cash and cash equivalents are provided in Note 28.

The maturity of credit card receivables is less than 30 days.

6. FINANCIAL BORROWINGS

	30 June	31 December
Financial Borrowings	2022	2021
a) Financial Leasing Liabilitiesb) Other Financal Debts	3.493.572.728	711.932 3.009.410.095
	3.493.572.728	3.010.122.027

Group management believes that the fair value of the Group's debts approximate to the carrying value of such debts due to their short term nature.

a) Financial Leasing Payables

			M inimum Leas	ing Pay able
	Minimum Leasing Payable		Net Presen	t Value
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December
Leasing Pay ables	2022	2021	2022	2021
Within 1 year	3.026	719.491	-	711.932
Between 1-5 years	-	-	-	-
Less: future financial expense	(3.026)	(7.559)	-	-
Leasing obligation net present value		711.932	<u> </u>	711.932
Less: liabilities to paid within 12 months (presented in short term liabilities		_	-	(711.932)
Liabilities to paid after 12 months		_		-

As of 30 June 2022 net book value of property and equipment acquired by financial lease is TL 32.609.528 (31 December 2021: TL 40.253.252). The interest rate is between 13% and 14%. Ownership of such property and equipment will be transferred to Şok if payments are made regularly throughout the contract period. The Group's liabilities under finance leases are secured by the lessors' title to the leased assets.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

6. FINANCIAL BORROWINGS (Continued)

b) Lease Liabilities

	30 June	31 December
Lease liabilities	2022	2021
Short-term lease liabilities	1.140.731.261	958.494.362
Long-term lease liabilities	2.352.841.467	2.050.915.733
	3.493.572.728	3.009.410.095

As of 30 June 2022, the net book value of the right of use assets arising from lease liabilities is TL 2.968.950.986 (31 December 2021: TL 2.565.326.249) (Note 11). The discount rate is used between 15% and 53%.

Reconciliation of liabilties arising from financing activities:

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non—cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

			Non-cash changes	
	1 January 2022	Financial cash flow	Other	30 June 2022
Financial leasing payables	711.932	(711.932)	-	
Lease liabilities	3.009.410.095	(234.541.365)	718.703.998	3.493.572.728
	3.010.122.027	(235.253.297)	718.703.998	3.493.572.728
			Non-cash changes	
		Financing cash		
	1 January 2021	flow	Other	30 June 2021
Financial leasing payables	33.436.289	(22.405.313)	-	11.030.976
Lease liabilities	2.404.322.761	(174.392.384)	501.090.125	2.731.020.502
	2.437.759.050	(196.797.697)	501.090.125	2.742.051.478

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

7. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

	30 June	31 December
<u>Current trade receivables</u>	2022	2021
Trade receivables from related parties (Note 27)	54.900.910	57.553.754
Trade receivables	40.412.355	51.316.439
Allowance for doubtful receivables (-) (Note 28)	(8.847.274)	(8.907.806)
	86.465.991	99.962.387

The Group's average period for collection of receivables is 1 days when wholesale revenue is taken into consideration (31 December 2021: 1 days).

There are no guarantee letters obtained for trade receivables as of 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021. As of 30 June 2022 the Group provided allowance for doubtful receivables amounting to TL 8.847.274 based on reference to past default experience (31 December 2021: TL 8.907.806).

As of 30 June 2022 and 2021 the movements of allowance for doubtful receivables are as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-
	30 June	30 June
Movement of Allowance for Doubtful Receivables	2022	2021
Balance at beginning of the period	(8.907.806)	(9.070.556)
Charge for the year (Not 23)	(18.770)	(49.327)
Collections	79.302	105.070
Closing balance	(8.847.274)	(9.014.813)

A simplified approach is applied for the impairment of trade receivables that are accounted at amortized cost in the consolidated financial statements and do not include a significant financing component (less than 1 year). In cases where the trade receivables are not impaired due to certain reasons (except for the realized impairment losses), the provisions for losses related to trade receivables are measured by an amount equal to life long expected credit losses.

Allowance matrix is used to measure expected credit losses for trade receivables. Provision rates are calculated based on the number of days that maturities of trade receivables are exceeded and in each reporting period such rates are reviewed and revised whenever necessary. The change in expected credit losses provisions is accounted under other operating income/expenses.

The Group collects almost all of its sales by cash or credit cards in store registers. The Group has concluded that, there is no need to make an additional provision in accordance with TFRS 9 due to fact nearly all of the group sales are collected by cash or credit card in store cash registers.

	30 June	31 December
Short-term trade payables	2022	2021
Trade payables Trade payables to related parties (Note 27)	7.653.506.341 515.070.134	4.763.265.391 558.094.914
	8.168.576.475	5.321.360.305

The average maturity of the Group's trade payables is 82 days (31 December 2021: 89 days).

As of 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group does not have any long term trade payables.

Explanations about the nature and level of risks related to trade receivables are provided in Note 28.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY $-\,30$ JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

8. OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

9.

	30 June	31 December
Other short-term receivables		2021
Tax receivables	8.749.253	2.396.536
Insurance receivables	9.641.059	7.776.532
Other receivables	11.019.262	649.130
	29.409.574	10.822.198
	30 June	31 December
Other short-term payables	2022	2021
Deposits and quarantees	500.000	500.000
Other payables (*)	15.537.979	8.631.172
	16.037.979	9.131.172
(*) A significant portion of the balance consists of Şok Card sales.		
,	30 June	31 December
Other long-term receivables	2022	2021
Guarantee and deposits given	51.360.450	34.667.958
	51.360.450	34.667.958
	30 June	31 December
Other long-term payables	2021	2020
Deposits and quarantees	856.642	575.099
	856.642	575.099
INVENTORIES		
INVENTORIES	-0.7	
	30 June	31 December
		2021
Trade goods	5.751.305.585	2.873.975.908
Other inventory	129.463.015	40.421.638
Allowance for impairment on inventory (-)	(120.903.203)	(65.038.970)
	5.759.865.397	2.849.358.576

Allowance for net realizable value of inventories is allocated for inventories and recognized in the cost of goods sold.

The Group has identified inventories that net realizable value lower than cost as of the balance sheet date. Accordingly allowance for net realizable value of inventories amounting to TL 120.903.203 has been booked as of 30 June 2022 (31 December 2021: TL 65.038.970).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY $-\,30$ JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

10. PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED INCOME

Short-term prepaid expenses	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Prepaid expenses	19.693.961	15.797.639
•	19.693.961	15.797.639
	30 June	31 December
Short-term deferred income	2022	2021
Advances received	39.960.326	21.865.198
Deferred income	26.131.941	16.884.609
	66.092.267	38.749.807
	30 June	31 December
Long-term deferred income	2022	2021
Deferred income	58.067	20.962.021
	58.067	20.962.021

11. RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

Opening balance as of 1 January 2022 3.705.464.351 166.254.304 3.871.718.655 Additions 711.889.760 16.065.910 727.955.670 Disposals (26.708.939) (8.111.628) (34.820.567) Closing balance as of 30 June 2022 4.390.645.172 174.208.586 4.564.853.758 Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2022 1.238.004.890 68.387.516 1.306.392.406 Charge for the year 298.290.627 16.788.634 315.079.261 Disposals (19.274.018) (6.294.877) (25.568.895) Closing balance as of 30 June 2022 1.517.021.499 78.881.273 1.595.902.772 Carrying value as of 30 June 2022 2.873.623.673 95.327.313 2.968.950.986 Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 2.773.083.847 131.245.817 2.904.329.664 Additions 496.533.587 4.904.203 501.437.790 Disposals (7.835.192) (1.843.766) 96.678.958 Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 748.688.798 40.705.756 789.394.554	Cost	<u>Stores</u>	Warehouses	<u>Total</u>
Disposals (26.708.939) (8.111.628) (34.820.567) Closing balance as of 30 June 2022 4.390.645.172 174.208.586 4.564.853.758 Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2022 1.238.004.890 68.387.516 1.306.392.406 Charge for the year 298.290.627 16.788.634 315.079.261 Disposals (19.274.018) (6.294.877) (25.568.895) Closing balance as of 30 June 2022 1.517.021.499 78.881.273 1.595.902.772 Carrying value as of 30 June 2022 2.873.623.673 95.327.313 2.968.950.986 Cost Stores Warehouses Total Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 2.773.083.847 131.245.817 2.904.329.664 Additions 496.533.587 4.904.203 501.437.790 Disposals (7.835.192) (1.843.766) (9.678.958) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 3.261.782.242 134.306.254 3.396.088.496 Accumulated Amortization 748.688.798 40.705.756 789.394.554 Charge for the year 23	Opening balance as of 1 January 2022	3.705.464.351	166.254.304	3.871.718.655
Closing balance as of 30 June 2022 4.390.645.172 174.208.586 4.564.853.758 Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2022 1.238.004.890 68.387.516 1.306.392.406 Charge for the year 298.290.627 16.788.634 315.079.261 Disposals (19.274.018) (6.294.877) (25.568.895) Closing balance as of 30 June 2022 1.517.021.499 78.881.273 1.595.902.772 Carrying value as of 30 June 2022 2.873.623.673 95.327.313 2.968.950.986 Cost Stores Warehouses Total Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 2.773.083.847 131.245.817 2.904.329.664 Additions 496.533.587 4.904.203 501.437.790 Disposals (7.835.192) (1.843.766) (9.678.958) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 3.261.782.242 134.306.254 3.396.088.496 Accumulated Amortization 40.705.756 789.394.554 Charge for the year 234.252.231 12.566.073 246.818.304 Disposals (7.495.983) (1.835.310)	Additions	711.889.760	16.065.910	727.955.670
Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2022 1.238.004.890 68.387.516 1.306.392.406 Charge for the year 298.290.627 16.788.634 315.079.261 Disposals (19.274.018) (6.294.877) (25.568.895) Closing balance as of 30 June 2022 1.517.021.499 78.881.273 1.595.902.772 Carrying value as of 30 June 2022 2.873.623.673 95.327.313 2.968.950.986 Cost Stores Warehouses Total Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 2.773.083.847 131.245.817 2.904.329.664 Additions 496.533.587 4.904.203 501.437.790 Disposals (7.835.192) (1.843.766) (9.678.958) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 3.261.782.242 134.306.254 3.396.088.496 Accumulated Amortization 40.705.756 789.394.554 Charge for the year 234.252.231 12.566.073 246.818.304 Disposals (7.495.983) (1.835.310) (9.331.293) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 975.445.046 51.436.51	Disposals	(26.708.939)	(8.111.628)	(34.820.567)
Opening balance as of 1 January 2022 1.238.004.890 68.387.516 1.306.392.406 Charge for the year 298.290.627 16.788.634 315.079.261 Disposals (19.274.018) (6.294.877) (25.568.895) Closing balance as of 30 June 2022 1.517.021.499 78.881.273 1.595.902.772 Carrying value as of 30 June 2022 2.873.623.673 95.327.313 2.968.950.986 Cost Stores Warehouses Total Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 2.773.083.847 131.245.817 2.904.329.664 Additions 496.533.587 4.904.203 501.437.790 Disposals (7.835.192) (1.843.766) (9.678.958) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 3.261.782.242 134.306.254 3.396.088.496 Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 748.688.798 40.705.756 789.394.554 Charge for the year 234.252.231 12.566.073 246.818.304 Disposals (7.495.983) (1.835.310) (9.331.293) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 975.445.046 51.436.519 1.026.881.565 <td>Closing balance as of 30 June 2022</td> <td>4.390.645.172</td> <td>174.208.586</td> <td>4.564.853.758</td>	Closing balance as of 30 June 2022	4.390.645.172	174.208.586	4.564.853.758
Charge for the year 298.290.627 16.788.634 315.079.261 Disposals (19.274.018) (6.294.877) (25.568.895) Closing balance as of 30 June 2022 1.517.021.499 78.881.273 1.595.902.772 Carrying value as of 30 June 2022 2.873.623.673 95.327.313 2.968.950.986 Cost Stores Warehouses Total Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 2.773.083.847 131.245.817 2.904.329.664 Additions 496.533.587 4.904.203 501.437.790 Disposals (7.835.192) (1.843.766) (9.678.958) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 3.261.782.242 134.306.254 3.396.088.496 Accumulated Amortization 3.261.782.242 134.306.254 3.396.088.496 Charge for the year 234.252.231 12.566.073 246.818.304 Disposals (7.495.983) (1.835.310) (9.331.293) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 975.445.046 51.436.519 1.026.881.565	Accumulated Amortization			
Disposals (19.274.018) (6.294.877) (25.568.895) Closing balance as of 30 June 2022 1.517.021.499 78.881.273 1.595.902.772 Carrying value as of 30 June 2022 2.873.623.673 95.327.313 2.968.950.986 Cost Stores Warehouses Total Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 2.773.083.847 131.245.817 2.904.329.664 Additions 496.533.587 4.904.203 501.437.790 Disposals (7.835.192) (1.843.766) (9.678.958) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 3.261.782.242 134.306.254 3.396.088.496 Accumulated Amortization 496.888.798 40.705.756 789.394.554 Charge for the year 234.252.231 12.566.073 246.818.304 Disposals (7.495.983) (1.835.310) (9.331.293) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 975.445.046 51.436.519 1.026.881.565	Opening balance as of 1 January 2022	1.238.004.890	68.387.516	1.306.392.406
Closing balance as of 30 June 2022 1.517.021.499 78.881.273 1.595.902.772 Carrying value as of 30 June 2022 2.873.623.673 95.327.313 2.968.950.986 Cost Stores Warehouses Total Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 2.773.083.847 131.245.817 2.904.329.664 Additions 496.533.587 4.904.203 501.437.790 Disposals (7.835.192) (1.843.766) (9.678.958) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 3.261.782.242 134.306.254 3.396.088.496 Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 748.688.798 40.705.756 789.394.554 Charge for the year 234.252.231 12.566.073 246.818.304 Disposals (7.495.983) (1.835.310) (9.331.293) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 975.445.046 51.436.519 1.026.881.565	Charge for the year	298.290.627	16.788.634	315.079.261
Carrying value as of 30 June 2022 2.873.623.673 95.327.313 2.968.950.986 Cost Stores Warehouses Total Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 2.773.083.847 131.245.817 2.904.329.664 Additions 496.533.587 4.904.203 501.437.790 Disposals (7.835.192) (1.843.766) (9.678.958) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 3.261.782.242 134.306.254 3.396.088.496 Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 748.688.798 40.705.756 789.394.554 Charge for the year 234.252.231 12.566.073 246.818.304 Disposals (7.495.983) (1.835.310) (9.331.293) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 975.445.046 51.436.519 1.026.881.565	Disposals	(19.274.018)	(6.294.877)	(25.568.895)
CostStoresWarehousesTotalOpening balance as of 1 January 20212.773.083.847131.245.8172.904.329.664Additions496.533.5874.904.203501.437.790Disposals(7.835.192)(1.843.766)(9.678.958)Closing balance as of 30 June 20213.261.782.242134.306.2543.396.088.496Accumulated AmortizationOpening balance as of 1 January 2021748.688.79840.705.756789.394.554Charge for the year234.252.23112.566.073246.818.304Disposals(7.495.983)(1.835.310)(9.331.293)Closing balance as of 30 June 2021975.445.04651.436.5191.026.881.565	Closing balance as of 30 June 2022	1.517.021.499	78.881.273	1.595.902.772
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 2.773.083.847 131.245.817 2.904.329.664 Additions 496.533.587 4.904.203 501.437.790 Disposals (7.835.192) (1.843.766) (9.678.958) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 3.261.782.242 134.306.254 3.396.088.496 Accumulated Amortization 0pening balance as of 1 January 2021 748.688.798 40.705.756 789.394.554 Charge for the year 234.252.231 12.566.073 246.818.304 Disposals (7.495.983) (1.835.310) (9.331.293) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 975.445.046 51.436.519 1.026.881.565	Carrying value as of 30 June 2022	2.873.623.673	95.327.313	2.968.950.986
Additions496.533.5874.904.203501.437.790Disposals(7.835.192)(1.843.766)(9.678.958)Closing balance as of 30 June 20213.261.782.242134.306.2543.396.088.496Accumulated AmortizationOpening balance as of 1 January 2021748.688.79840.705.756789.394.554Charge for the year234.252.23112.566.073246.818.304Disposals(7.495.983)(1.835.310)(9.331.293)Closing balance as of 30 June 2021975.445.04651.436.5191.026.881.565	Cost	<u>Stores</u>	Warehouses	<u>Total</u>
Disposals (7.835.192) (1.843.766) (9.678.958) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 3.261.782.242 134.306.254 3.396.088.496 Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 748.688.798 40.705.756 789.394.554 Charge for the year 234.252.231 12.566.073 246.818.304 Disposals (7.495.983) (1.835.310) (9.331.293) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 975.445.046 51.436.519 1.026.881.565	Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	2.773.083.847	131.245.817	2.904.329.664
Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 3.261.782.242 134.306.254 3.396.088.496 Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 748.688.798 40.705.756 789.394.554 Charge for the year 234.252.231 12.566.073 246.818.304 Disposals (7.495.983) (1.835.310) (9.331.293) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 975.445.046 51.436.519 1.026.881.565	Additions	496.533.587	4.904.203	501.437.790
Accumulated AmortizationOpening balance as of 1 January 2021748.688.79840.705.756789.394.554Charge for the year234.252.23112.566.073246.818.304Disposals(7.495.983)(1.835.310)(9.331.293)Closing balance as of 30 June 2021975.445.04651.436.5191.026.881.565	Disposals	(7.835.192)	(1.843.766)	(9.678.958)
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 748.688.798 40.705.756 789.394.554 Charge for the year 234.252.231 12.566.073 246.818.304 Disposals (7.495.983) (1.835.310) (9.331.293) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 975.445.046 51.436.519 1.026.881.565	Closing balance as of 30 June 2021	3.261.782.242	134.306.254	3.396.088.496
Charge for the year 234.252.231 12.566.073 246.818.304 Disposals (7.495.983) (1.835.310) (9.331.293) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 975.445.046 51.436.519 1.026.881.565	Accumulated Amortization			
Disposals (7.495.983) (1.835.310) (9.331.293) Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 975.445.046 51.436.519 1.026.881.565	Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	748.688.798	40.705.756	789.394.554
Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 975.445.046 51.436.519 1.026.881.565	Charge for the year	234.252.231	12.566.073	246.818.304
<u> </u>	Disposals	(7.495.983)	(1.835.310)	(9.331.293)
Carrying value as of 30 June 2021 2.286.337.196 82.869.735 2.369.206.931	Closing balance as of 30 June 2021	975.445.046	51.436.519	1.026.881.565
	Carrying value as of 30 June 2021	2.286.337.196	82.869.735	2.369.206.931

Depreciation expenses related to right of use assets amounting to TL 315.079.261 booked in marketing and selling expenses (2021: TL 246.818.304) (Note 22).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY $-\,30$ JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		Furniture	Leasehold	
	Vehicles	and Fixture	Improvements	Total
Cost				
Opening balance as of 1 January 2022	4.304.665	2.591.530.427	759.204.652	3.355.039.744
Additions	39.777.787	703.607.494	146.129.561	889.514.842
Disposals	(19.576)	(1.692.152)	(1.012.784)	(2.724.512)
Closing balance as of 30 June 2022	44.062.876	3.293.445.769	904.321.429	4.241.830.074
Accumulated Depreciation				
Opening balance as of 1 January 2022	406.434	1.188.608.881	337.259.303	1.526.274.618
Charge of the year	4.909.420	140.658.088	42.631.824	188.199.332
Disposals	(2.392)	(1.529.065)	(508.583)	(2.040.040)
Closing balance as of 30 June 2022	5.313.462	1.327.737.904	379.382.544	1.712.433.910
Carrying value as of 30 June 2022	38.749.414	1.965.707.865	524.938.885	2.529.396.164
carrying value as of 30 value 2022	30.747.414	1.703.707.003	324.730.003	2.327.370.104
		Furniture	Leasehold	
	Vehicles	and Fixture	Improvements	Total
Cost				
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	11.000	1.977.509.022	611.201.451	2.588.721.473
Additions	137.041	292.141.343	45.434.877	337.713.261
Disposals	-	(432.951)	(3.008.476)	(3.441.427)
Closing balance as of 30 June 2021	148.041	2.269.217.414	653.627.852	2.922.993.307
Accumulated Depreciation				
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	1.146	960.854.318	275.172.974	1.236.028.438
Charge of the year	5.138	109.678.069	30.550.078	140.233.285
Disposals	-	(249.764)	(1.524.439)	(1.774.203)
Disposals Closing balance as of 30 June 2021	6.284	(249.764)	(1.524.439)	(1.774.203)
•	6.284			

There is insurance coverage amounting to TL 8.320.585.608 on the furniture and fixtures and machinery. (31 December 2021: TL 4.508.346.743). Net book value of leased property and equipment is TL 32.609.528 (31 December 2021: TL 40.253.252).

Current depreciation expense related to fixed assets amounting to TL 186.257.613 (2021: TL 138.735.497) booked in marketing and selling expenses and TL 1.941.719 booked in general administrative expenses (2021: TL 1.497.788) (Note 22).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY $-\,30$ JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

13. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

<u>Cost</u>	<u>Trademarks</u>	<u>Rights</u>	<u>Total</u>
Opening balance as of 1 January 2022	85.675.510	79.830.410	165.505.920
Additions	-	9.103.413	9.103.413
Disposals	-	(48.871)	(48.871)
Closing balance as of 30 June 2022	85.675.510	88.884.952	174.560.462
Accumulated Amortization			
Opening balance as of 1 January 2022	-	40.924.130	40.924.130
Charge for the year	-	5.055.229	5.055.229
Disposals	-	(18.846)	(18.846)
Closing balance as of 30 June 2022		45.960.513	45.960.513
Carrying value as of 30 June 2022	85.675.510	42.924.439	128.599.949
<u>Cost</u>	<u>Trademarks</u>	<u>Rights</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cost Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	<u>Trademarks</u> 85.675.510	<u>Rights</u> 60.101.010	<u>Total</u> 145.776.520
	·	_ _	
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	·	60.101.010	145.776.520
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Additions	·	60.101.010 6.405.754	145.776.520 6.405.754
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals	85.675.510 - -	60.101.010 6.405.754 (79.514)	145.776.520 6.405.754 (79.514)
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Closing balance as of 30 June 2021	85.675.510 - -	60.101.010 6.405.754 (79.514)	145.776.520 6.405.754 (79.514)
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 Accumulated Amortization	85.675.510 - -	60.101.010 6.405.754 (79.514) 66.427.250	145.776.520 6.405.754 (79.514) 152.102.760
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2021	85.675.510 - -	60.101.010 6.405.754 (79.514) 66.427.250	145.776.520 6.405.754 (79.514) 152.102.760 32.913.531
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Charge for the year	85.675.510 - -	60.101.010 6.405.754 (79.514) 66.427.250 32.913.531 3.862.279	145.776.520 6.405.754 (79.514) 152.102.760 32.913.531 3.862.279
Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals Closing balance as of 30 June 2021 Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Disposals	85.675.510 - -	60.101.010 6.405.754 (79.514) 66.427.250 32.913.531 3.862.279 (41.932)	145.776.520 6.405.754 (79.514) 152.102.760 32.913.531 3.862.279 (41.932)

The amortization expense of intangible assets amounting to TL 5.055.229 is presented in marketing and selling expenses (2021: TL 3.862.279) (Note 22).

Assumptions used for brand impairment are explained in Note 2.9.

14. GOODWILL

Detail of goodwill for the periods ended 30 June 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

		30 June	31 December
Company	Acquisition Date	2022	2021
Şok Marketler Ticaret A.Ş.	August 2011	245.485.151	245.485.151
Dia Sabancı Süpermarketleri Tic. A.Ş.	July 2013	301.974.645	301.974.645
Onur Ekspres Marketçilik A.Ş.	July 2013	27.524.000	27.524.000
Other		4.108.800	4.108.800
		579.092.596	579.092.596
		1 January-	1 January-
		30 June	30 June
		2022	2021
Goodwill		579.092.596	579.092.596
		579.092.596	579.092.596

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

14. GOODWILL (Continued)

As a result of internal management purposes, goodwill is allocated to groups of cash-generating units that have similar neighborhoods and similar customer basis. Group of cash generating units are that allocated to districts by post codes.

Recoverable amount of each cash generating unit is determined based on fair value ("FV") less cost to sell of each cash generating unit that is determined according to relative valuation techniques by applying combination of multiples FV/EBITDA and FV/Sales by 40% and 60% respectively. Group management has applied 14.0X multiple for FV/EBITDA and 0.75X multiple for FV/Sales in the impairment model which is consistent with benchmarks and market conditions. Based on calculations above there is no impairment of goodwill associated with cash-generating units.

No impairment of goodwill associated with cash-generating units would have been determined, even if the estimated multiples for FV/EBITDA and FV/Sales used in the calculation of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating units had been decreased or increased by 5% as part of the sensitivity analysis.

15. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Other short-term provisions

Provisions for short term liabilities as of 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021 are as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
Lawsuits	107.814.618	75.445.117
Provision of competition authority fine (*)	-	288.276.778
	107.814.618	363.721.895

(*) According to the letter of Competition Authority declared on October 28, 2021, with regard to investigation carried out by the Turkish Competition Authority on chain markets and their suppliers with File No. 2020-3-019 along with other companies. It has been notified that an administrative fine of TL 384.369.037,15 has been imposed on our Group on the grounds that Article 4 of the Law No. 4054 has been violated. According to the date of 18 January 2022, when the reasoned decision was notified, an administrative fine was paid on 14 February 2022 by benefiting from a 25% legal discount.

Provisions for lawsuits as of 30 June 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	1 January- 30 June 2022	1 January- 30 June 2021
Balance at 1 January Additional provisions recognized (Note 23) Payments	363.721.895 38.347.699 (294.254.976)	53.716.705 12.973.663 (3.440.670)
Balance at 30 June	107.814.618	63.249.698

Group management evaluates the possible results and financial impact of these lawsuits at each reporting period and provides the necessary provisions for possible liabilities as a result of this assessment. As of 30 June 2022, the provision amount related with the lawsuits is amounting to TL 107.814.618 (31 December 2021: TL 75.445.117).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

16.

17.

COMMITMENTS		
	30 June	31 December
_	2022	2021
A. CPM's given in the name of its own legal personality (*)		
-Guarantees	49.458.144	26.692.294
-Mortgages	-	-
-Pledges	-	-
B. CPM's given on behalf of the fully consolidated companies (*)	-	-
C. CPM's given on behalf of third parties for ordinary course of business D. Total amount of other CPM's given	-	-
i) Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of the majority shareholder	-	-
ii) Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of third parties		
which are not in scope of B and C	-	-
iii) Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of third parties which are not in scope C	-	-
<u> </u>		
<u> </u>	49.458.144	26.692.294
(*) Relevant amounts are generally related to non-cash risks given to suppliers.		
() Relevant amounts are generally related to non-easil risks given to suppliers.		
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
Liabilities within the scope of employee benefits:		
	30 June	31 December
Short-term benefits	2022	2021
Due to personnel	309.991.021	155.327.456
Social security premiums payable	100.501.679	46.956.454
Social security premiums payable		
	410.492.700	202.283.910
Provisions for short-term employee benefits		
	30 June	31 December
Durania in una francousa la constitución de la cons	2022	2021

2022 Provisions for employee benefits 2021 77.111.233 49.094.657 Short-term unused vacation liability 77.111.233 49.094.657

The movement of for unused vacation liability for the periods ended 30 June 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
Opening balance at 1 January	109.826.996	73.884.654
Charge for the period	61.810.319	12.774.604
Payments	(15.484.943)	(6.820.995)
Closing balance at 30 June	156.152.372	79.838.263

1 January-

1 January-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY $-\,30$ JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

17. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Provisions for long-term employee benefits

	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
Long-term unused vacation liability Retirement pay provision	79.041.139 73.065.547	60.732.339 39.973.528
	152.106.686	100.705.867

Under Turkish Labor Law, the Group is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed certain years of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, who is called up for military service, dies or retires after completing 25 years of service and reaches the retirement age (58 for women and 60 for men).

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TL 10.848,59 for each period of service at 30 June 2022 (31 December 2021: TL 8.284,51).

The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement. The provision is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of employees. TAS 19 ("Employee Benefits") requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation under defined benefit plans. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions are used in the calculation of the total liability:

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Consequently, in the accompanying financial statements as at 30 June 2022, the provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of the employees. The provisions at the respective balance sheet dates have been calculated assuming an annual inflation rate of 16,90% and a discount rate of 21,25%, resulting in a real discount rate of approximately 3,72% (31 December 2021: 3,72%). Ceiling amount of TL 15.371,40 which is in effect since 1 July 2022 is used in the calculation of Groups' provision for retirement pay liability (1 January 2021: TL 7.638,96). The probability of retirement is considered as 94,17% and 54,37% for white collar and blue collar personnel, respectively.

Movement for retirement pay provision for the periods ended 30 June 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-
	30 June	30 June
	2022	2021
Provision at 1 January	39.973.528	27.988.445
Service cost	62.599.969	22.581.772
Interest cost	736.141	533.555
Termination benefits paid	(31.011.369)	(16.623.310)
Actuarial loss	767.278	731.826
Provision at 30 June	73.065.547	35.212.288

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY $-\,30$ JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

18. EXPENSE BY NATURE

	1 January-	1 April-	1 January-	1 April-
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
Expenses by nature	2022	2022	2021	2021
Revenue from merchandises sold	(17.903.415.451)	(10.214.380.039)	(10.144.882.087)	(5.262.847.077)
Personnel expenses	(2.156.627.940)	(1.217.118.591)	(1.201.842.126)	(614.043.660)
Depreciation and amortization expenses (Note:11, 12, 13) (*)	(508.333.822)	(267.378.994)	(390.913.868)	(199.872.945)
Transportation expenses	(417.639.422)	(240.482.389)	(192.381.980)	(89.934.223)
Utility expenses	(551.063.862)	(281.197.501)	(180.989.288)	(90.590.472)
Advertising expenses	(87.637.766)	(47.183.673)	(55.646.040)	(29.752.346)
Tax expenses and duties	(61.829.327)	(33.718.864)	(36.686.201)	(20.704.411)
Maintenance expenses	(38.170.986)	(20.345.467)	(24.414.461)	(15.629.947)
Vehicle expenses	(49.451.519)	(28.586.207)	(24.207.118)	(12.960.784)
Outsourced expenses	(23.143.043)	(12.885.803)	(12.385.849)	(5.901.968)
Cash collection expenses	(25.450.796)	(17.481.466)	(10.773.414)	(5.489.736)
Packaging expenses	(14.660.438)	(8.001.681)	(9.717.697)	(4.410.488)
Information tecnology expenses	(4.605.331)	(2.186.184)	(3.433.294)	(1.330.288)
Rent expenses (*)	(83.664.240)	(50.572.836)	(2.119.322)	(1.178.375)
Other expense	(135.115.202)	(75.737.966)	(61.819.553)	(31.960.150)
	(22.060.809.145)	(12.517.257.661)	(12.352.212.298)	(6.386.606.870)

^(*) TFRS 16 standard started to be implemented as of 1 January 2019. Excluding the related standard effect for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2022, depreciation and amortization expenses are TL 193.254.561, and rental expenses are TL 701.415.438 (2021: Depreciation and amortization expense: TL 144.095.564, rental expenses: TL 466.087.421).

19. OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	30 June	31 December
Other current assets	2022	2021
VAT deductible	237.799.913	42.846.501
Prepaid taxes and funds	-	6.683.224
Other assets	8.488.497	506.434
	246.288.410	50.036.159
		_
	30 June	31 December
Other short-term liabilities	2022	2021
Taxes and dues payable	21.281.342	98.797.709
Other liabilities (*)	39.980.535	23.435.532
	61.261.877	122.233.241

^(*) TL 29.311.555 of the amount is related to Recovery Participation Share ("GEKAP") liabilities (31 December 2021: TL 20.290.223).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

20. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS

Shareholder structure as of 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021 is stated below:

		30 June		31 December
Shareholders	%	2022	%	2021
Turkish Retail Investments B.V.	24	144.000.000	24	144.000.000
Gözde Girişim Sermayesi Yat.Ort. A.Ş.	24	140.400.327	23	140.400.327
Small Cap World Fund Inc	6	37.067.550	-	-
European Bank For Reconstruction and Development	6	33.950.000	6	33.950.000
İstanbul Portföy Yıldız Serbest Özel Fon	5	30.428.571	-	-
Yıldız Holding A.Ş.	1	3.000.000	-	3.000.000
Templeton Strategic Emerging Markets Fund IV.LDC	-	-	6	36.000.000
Free Float and other	34	204.443.560	41	254.578.244
Nominal Capital	100	593.290.008	100	611.928.571
Capital Commitments		-		_
Paid Capital	_	593.290.008		611.928.571
	-			

The Group's nominal capital has been divided into 611.928.571 registered shares with a par value of TL 1 per share (31 December 2021: 611.928.571 shares).

Legal Reserves

The legal reserves consist of first and second legal reserves, appropriated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code. The first legal reserve is appropriated out of historical statutory profits at the rate of 5% per annum, until the total reserve reaches 20% of the historical paid-in share capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated after the first legal reserve and dividends, at the rate of 10% per annum of all cash dividend distributions.

As of 30 June 2022 restricted reserves is TL 8.919.271 (31 December 2021: TL 5.156.924).

Actuarial Loss / Gain

As of 30 June 2022, actuarial loss / gain is negative TL 13.662.982 (31 December 2021: negative TL 13.050.781).

Effect of transactions under common control

As of 30 June 2022, effect of mergers involving undertakings or businesses subject to common control is negative TL 567.113.629 (31 December 2021: negative TL 567.113.629) (Note 3).

Repurchased Shares

In order to eliminate the impact of the uncertainty on the price of our Group's shares, the uncertainty regarding how our Group will evaluate 18.638.563 shares with a nominal value of TL 18.638.563, which corresponds to 3.05% of our group's issued capital and was repurchased within the scope of price stability transactions at the public offering stage, it has been decided to reduce the issued capital of our Group, which is TL 611.928.571, to TL 593.290.008 by being redeemed in accordance with the capital reduction procedures that do not require a fund outflow pursuant to the 9th paragraph of the 19th article of the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") Communique on Repurchased Shares No. II-22.1 and to accept the "Capital Decrease Report" to be submitted to the approval of the shareholders at the General Assembly Meeting to be held. Capital increase is completed on June 1, 2022.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

21. REVENUE AND COST OF SALES

As of 30 June 2022 and 2021 the sales of Group are as follows:

a) Revenue

	1 January-	1 April-	1 January-	1 April-
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2022	2022	2021	2021
Revenue from merchandises sold	23.869.842.575	13.540.206.202	13.367.661.383	6.919.541.070
Sales returns (-)	(324.544.645)	(191.334.995)	(151.191.791)	(80.115.779)
	23.545.297.930	13.348.871.207	13.216.469.592	6.839.425.291
Cost of Sales				

b)

	1 January-	1 April-	1 January-	1 April-
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2022	2022	2021	2021
Cost of merchandises sold	(17.903.415.451)	(10.214.380.039)	(10.144.882.087)	(5.262.847.077)
	(17.903.415.451)	(10.214.380.039)	(10.144.882.087)	(5.262.847.077)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

22. MARKETING, SELLING AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	1 January-	1 April-	1 January-	1 April-
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
Marketing and sales expenses	2022	2022	2021	2021
Personnel expenses	(2.049.487.812)	(1.146.658.702)	(1.162.918.625)	(593.552.409)
Depreciation and amortization expenses				
(Note:11, 12, 13) (*)	(506.392.103)	(266.346.245)	(389.416.080)	(199.088.445)
Transportation expenses	(417.639.422)	(240.482.389)	(192.381.980)	(89.934.223)
Utility expenses	(551.063.862)	(281.197.501)	(180.989.288)	(90.590.472)
Advertising expenses	(87.637.766)	(47.183.673)	(55.646.040)	(29.752.346)
Tax expenses and duties	(61.245.879)	(33.577.526)	(35.906.761)	(20.401.714)
Maintenance expenses	(38.170.986)	(20.345.467)	(24.414.461)	(15.629.947)
Vehicle expenses	(47.125.677)	(27.300.853)	(22.854.276)	(12.245.200)
Packaging expenses	(14.660.438)	(8.001.681)	(9.717.697)	(4.410.488)
Rent expenses	(82.535.370)	(49.952.997)	(1.009.747)	(622.058)
Other marketing and sales expenses	(134.346.555)	(76.716.829)	(59.143.030)	(30.541.747)
	(3.990.305.870)	(2.197.763.863)	(2.134.397.985)	(1.086.769.049)

^(*) TFRS 16 standard started to be implemented as of 1 January 2019. Excluding the related standard effect for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2022, depreciation and amortization expenses are TL 191.312.842 and rental expenses are TL 700.286.568 (2021: Depreciation and amortization expense: TL 142.607.776, rental expenses: TL 464.977.846).

	1 January-	1 April-	1 January-	1 April-
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
General administrative expenses	2022	2022	2021	2021
Personnel expenses	(107.140.128)	(70.459.889)	(38.923.501)	(20.491.251)
Outsourced expenses	(23.143.043)	(12.885.803)	(12.385.849)	(5.901.968)
Cash collection expenses	(25.450.796)	(17.481.466)	(10.773.414)	(5.489.736)
Information tecnology expenses	(4.605.331)	(2.186.184)	(3.433.294)	(1.330.288)
Amortization expenses (Note 12)	(1.941.719)	(1.032.749)	(1.497.788)	(784.500)
Vehicle expenses	(2.325.842)	(1.285.354)	(1.352.842)	(715.584)
Rent expenses	(1.128.870)	(619.839)	(1.109.575)	(556.317)
Tax expenses and duties	(583.448)	(141.338)	(779.440)	(302.697)
Other administrative expenses	(768.647)	978.863	(2.676.523)	(1.418.403)
	(167.087.824)	(105.113.759)	(72.932.226)	(36.990.744)

24.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

23. OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

For the periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, other income from operating activities is as follows:

	1 January-	1 April-	1 January-	1 April-
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
Other operating income	2022	2022	2021	2021
Foreign exchange from operating activities	23.820.115	11.749.387	2.296.221	1.476.291
Unused provision	79.302	68.679	100.465	68.328
	23.899.417	11.818.066	2.396.686	1.544.619
For the periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, other	er expenses from opera	ting activities is a	s follows:	
	1 January-	1 April-	1 January-	1 April-
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
Other operating expense	2022	2022	2021	2021
Interest expense on term purchase	(181.610.590)	(85.356.710)	(274.754.230)	(131.043.404)
Provision expense (Note 15)	(38.347.699)	(20.386.776)	(12.973.663)	(7.913.306)
Foreign loss from operating activities	(18.388.804)	(9.526.289)	(1.179.944)	(1.025.009)
Allowance for doubtful receivables (Note 7)	(18.770)	(18.770)	(49.327)	(49.327)
Other expenses (-)	(18.590.058)	(1.922.236)	(14.075.172)	(6.894.192)
		(117.010.701)	(202 022 226)	(146.925.238)
INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM INVESTMEN	(256.955.921) TACTIVITIES	(117.210.781)	(303.032.336)	(140.725.250)
INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM INVESTMEN For periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, income	TT ACTIVITIES			(140.723.230)
	TT ACTIVITIES			
	TT ACTIVITIES from investment activ	ities is as follows:	:	1 April- 30 June
For periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, income	TACTIVITIES from investment activ 1 January-	ities is as follows: 1 April-	: 1 January-	1 April-
	TACTIVITIES from investment activ 1 January- 30 June	ities is as follows: 1 April- 30 June	1 January- 30 June	1 April- 30 June
For periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, income Income from investing activities	from investment activ 1 January- 30 June 2022	ities is as follows: 1 April- 30 June 2022	1 January- 30 June 2021	1 April- 30 June 2021 38.782.593
For periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, income Income from investing activities Interest income	from investment activ 1 January- 30 June 2022 63.261.447	ities is as follows: 1 April- 30 June 2022 22.079.063	1 January- 30 June 2021 71.469.968	1 April- 30 June 2021 38.782.593 (26.865)
For periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, income Income from investing activities Interest income	TACTIVITIES from investment activ 1 January- 30 June 2022 63.261.447 2.483 63.263.930	ities is as follows: 1 April- 30 June 2022 22.079.063 (84.964) 21.994.099	1 January- 30 June 2021 71.469.968 659.329 72.129.297	1 April- 30 June 2021 38.782.593 (26.865)
For periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, income Income from investing activities Interest income Gain on sale of property and equipment	TACTIVITIES from investment activ 1 January- 30 June 2022 63.261.447 2.483 63.263.930	ities is as follows: 1 April- 30 June 2022 22.079.063 (84.964) 21.994.099	1 January- 30 June 2021 71.469.968 659.329 72.129.297	1 April- 30 June 2021
For periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, income Income from investing activities Interest income Gain on sale of property and equipment	TACTIVITIES from investment activ 1 January- 30 June 2022 63.261.447 2.483 63.263.930 enses from investment	1 April- 30 June 2022 22.079.063 (84.964) 21.994.099	1 January- 30 June 2021 71.469.968 659.329 72.129.297	1 April- 30 June 2021 38.782.593 (26.865) 38.755.728
For periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, income Income from investing activities Interest income Gain on sale of property and equipment	from investment activ 1 January- 30 June 2022 63.261.447 2.483 63.263.930 enses from investment 1 January-	1 April- 30 June 2022 22.079.063 (84.964) 21.994.099 activities are as for	1 January- 30 June 2021 71.469.968 659.329 72.129.297 ollows:	1 April- 30 June 2021 38.782.593 (26.865) 38.755.728 1 April- 30 June
For periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, income Income from investing activities Interest income Gain on sale of property and equipment For the periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, exp	from investment activ 1 January- 30 June 2022 63.261.447 2.483 63.263.930 enses from investment 1 January- 30 June	ities is as follows: 1 April- 30 June 2022 22.079.063 (84.964) 21.994.099 activities are as follows:	1 January- 30 June 2021 71.469.968 659.329 72.129.297 ollows: 1 January- 30 June	1 April- 30 June 2021 38.782.593 (26.865) 38.755.728 1 April- 30 June 2021
For periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, income Income from investing activities Interest income Gain on sale of property and equipment For the periods ended on 30 June 2022 and 2021, exp Expenses from investing activities	from investment activ 1 January- 30 June 2022 63.261.447 2.483 63.263.930 enses from investment 1 January- 30 June 2022	ities is as follows: 1 April- 30 June 2022 22.079.063 (84.964) 21.994.099 activities are as for 1 April- 30 June 2022	1 January- 30 June 2021 71.469.968 659.329 72.129.297 ollows: 1 January- 30 June 2021	1 April- 30 June 2021 38.782.593 (26.865) 38.755.728

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY $-\,30$ JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

25. FINANCIAL EXPENSES AND INCOME

For the periods ended 30 June 2022 and 2021 financial expenses are as follows:

	1 January-	1 April-	1 January-	1 April-
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
Finance Expense	2022	2022	2021	2021
Financial expenses arises from lease liailities (*)	(382.513.046)	(191.579.341)	(289.783.950)	(150.790.771)
POS Cash collection expenses	(126.095.390)	(70.869.876)	(75.516.298)	(40.152.885)
Interest expense from related parties (Note 27)	(3.114.899)	(3.080.098)	(2.950.543)	(1.351.059)
Interest on finance lease liabilities	(9.592)	-	(1.755.579)	(675.199)
Other	(3.878.254)	837.063	(2.219.834)	(1.604.777)
	(515.611.181)	(264.692.252)	(372.226.204)	(194.574.691)

^(*) Lease liabilities interest expense is the interest calculated on lease liabilities within the scope of TFRS 16.

26. TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES)

	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
Current corporate tax provision	(199.564.620)	(17.047.518)
Less:Prepaid tax and funds	69.126.349	17.047.518
	(130.438.271)	

The Group is subject to Turkish corporate taxes. Provision is made in the accompanying financial statements for the estimated charge based on the Group's results for the years and periods.

Corporate tax is applied on taxable corporate income, which is calculated from the statutory accounting profit by adding back non-deductible expenses, and by deducting dividends received from resident companies, other exempt income and investment incentives utilized.

The effective tax rate in 2022 is 23% (2021: 25%) for the Group.

In Turkey, advance tax returns are filed on a quarterly basis. Advance corporate income tax rate applied in 2021 is 23%. (2021: 25%) Losses can be carried forward for offset against future taxable income for up to 5 years. However, losses cannot be carried back for offset against profits from previous periods.

According to Article 14 of the Law on the Procedure for Collection of Public Claims and the Law on Amendment to Certain Laws published in the Official Gazette on April 22, 2021, with the provisional article 13 added to the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, the corporate tax rate which is %20, will be applied as %25 for 2021 and %23 for 2022. The law is applicable into force on April 22, 2021, starting from the declarations that must be submitted as of July 1, 2021, and to be applicable for the corporate earnings for the taxation period starting from January 1, 2021. Corporate tax returns are required to be filed by the twenty-fifth day of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and taxes must be paid in one instalment by the end of the fourth month. The tax legislation provides for a temporary tax of 20% to be calculated and paid based on earnings generated for each quarter. The amounts thus calculated and paid are offset against the final corporate tax liability for the year.

Furthermore, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments in Turkey. Companies file their tax returns between 1-30 April following the close of the accounting year to which they relate. Tax authorities may, however, examine such returns and the underlying accounting records and may revise assessments within five years.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

26. TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Deferred tax:

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between the financial statements as reported for TFRS purposes and financial statements prepared in accordance with the tax legislation. These differences arise from the differences in accounting periods for the recognition of income and expenses in accordance with TFRS and tax legislation.

In Turkey, the companies cannot declare a consolidated tax return, therefore subsidiaries that have deferred tax assets position were not netted off against subsidiaries that have deferred tax liabilities position and disclosed separately.

_	Temporary Differences		Deferre	ed Tax
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December
_	2022	2021	2022	2021
<u>Deferred tax assets / (liabilities) :</u>				
Carryforward taxlosses	42.964.360	260.572.490	8.592.872	60.085.556
The effect of amortization of property and				
equipment and intangible assets	(313.287.510)	(66.772.635)	(62.657.502)	(13.354.527)
The effect of lease liability and right of use asset	526.871.695	447.354.250	105.374.339	89.470.850
Inventory	568.993.625	328.266.850	113.798.725	65.653.370
Provision for retirement payments	73.065.547	39.973.528	14.636.474	8.022.796
Unused vacation liability	156.152.372	109.826.996	31.249.433	21.982.742
Effect of amortized cost method on receivables				
and payables	(62.245.775)	(93.735.070)	(12.449.155)	(18.747.014)
Provision for legal claims	107.814.618	75.445.117	21.885.038	15.419.565
Other	118.730.890	20.539.005	23.746.178	4.107.801
_	1.219.059.822	1.121.470.531	244.176.402	232.641.139

As of the reporting date, the entire financial loss amounting to TL 142.330.801 arising from the years prior to UCZ has been discounted during the period. The Group does not have any deferred tax assets that can be deducted in the future due to financial losses. As of 30 June 2022, deferred tax asset amounting to TL 8.592.872 is related to seasonal tax loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY $-\,30$ JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

26. TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

The movement of deferred tax liability for the periods ended as of 30 June 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-
	30 June	30 June
Movement of deferred tax asset/ (liabilities):	2022	2022
Opening balance at 1 January	232.641.139	197.621.010
Deferred tax expense recognised in statement of profit or loss	11.382.048	(67.666.952)
Recognised in compherensive income	153.215	148.033
Closing balance at 30 June	244.176.402	130.102.091
The amounts reflected in compherensive statement of profit or loss of the p follows:	periods ended at 30 June 20	022 and 2021 are as
	1 January-	1 January-
	30 June	30 June
	2022	2021
Current period legal tax	(199.564.620)	-
Deferred tax (expense) / income	11.382.048	(67.666.952)
Total tax (expense) / income	(188.182.572)	(67.666.952)
	1 January-	1 January-
	30 June	30 June
Tax reconciliation:	2022	2021
Profit/Loss before taxation	798.449.065	261.849.254
	23%	25%
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 23% (2021: 25%)	(183.643.285)	(65.462.314)
Tax effects of:		
- Carryforward tax losses not recognized as deferred tax assets	-	(649.684)
- Expenses that are not deductible	15.410.000	1.871.306
- Other	(19.949.287)	(3.426.260)
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	(188.182.572)	(67.666.952)

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

27. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Most Bilgi Sistemleri Tic. A.Ş.

Kerevitaş Gıda San. ve Tic. A.Ş.

Azmüsebat Çelik San. Tic. A.Ş.

Sağlam İnşaat Taahhüt Tic. A.Ş.

Other

Sun Doğal Gıda ve Ambalaj Sanayi A.Ş.

G2MEKSPER Satış ve Dağıtım Hizmetleri A.Ş.

	Receiva	ibles	Payab	oles
	Curre	ent	Curre	ent
Balances with related parties	Trading	Non-trading	Trading	Non-trading
Related parties				
Yıldız Holding A.Ş.	-	-	5.366.320	-
Related parties				
Pasifik Tüketim Ürünleri Satış ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	320.967.680	-
Yeni Teközel Markalı Ürünler Dağıtım Hizmetler	-	-	98.778.444	-
Bizim Toptan Satış Magazaları A.Ş.	54.415.592	-	4.894	-
Aytaç Gıda Yatırım San. Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	24.057.524	-

101.793

383.525 54.900.910 30 June 2022

6.551.089

37.019.357

17.870.091

1.217.601

2.479.783

515.070.134

728.207

29.144

		31 Decem	ber 2021	
-	Receiva	ables	Payal	oles
	Curre	ent	Current	
Balances with related parties	Trading	Non-trading	Trading	Non-trading
Shareholders				
Yıldız Holding A.Ş.	-	-	4.635.286	-
Related parties				
Pasifik Tüketim Ürünleri Satış ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	352.614.759	-
Yeni Teközel Markalı Ürünler Dağıtım Hizmetleri A.Ş	-	-	139.050.646	-
Bizim Toptan Satış Magazaları A.Ş.	56.657.929	-	4.642	-
Aytaç Gıda Yatırım San. Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	26.591.550	-
Kerevitaş Gıda San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	19.992.839	-
Azmüsebat Çelik San. Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	8.398.294	-
Most Bilgi Sistemleri Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	4.074.512	-
Sun Doğal Gıda ve Ambalaj Sanayi A.Ş.	-	-	853.012	-
Biskot Bisküvi Gıda San. Ve Tic. A.Ş.	188.096	-	523.000	-
İzsal Gayrimenkul Geliştirme A.Ş.	-	-	459.987	-
Sağlam İnşaat Taahhüt Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	452.680	_
Ülker Çikolata Sanayi A.Ş.	251.050	-	-	_
Other	456.679	-	443.707	-
-	57.553.754		558.094.914	

Receivables from related parties result from sales. Major portion of the Group's liabilities to related parties comprise of the liabilities from merchandise purchases.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY $-\,30$ JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

27. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

, -		1 January - 3	0 June 2022	
Transactions with related parties	Purchases	Interest paid	Other income	Other expense
Shareholders				
Yıldız Holding A.Ş.	-	(3.114.899)	43.351	(9.686.493)
Related parties				
Pasifik Tüketim Ürünleri Satış ve Tic. A.Ş.	905.281.740	-		-
Yeni Teközel Markalı Ürünler Dağıtım Hizmetler	367.766.182	-	5.349.107	-
Bizim Toptan Satış Magazaları A.Ş.	1.623.524	_	136.972.807	-
Aytaç Gıda Yatırım San. Tic. A.Ş.	44.123.567	-	345.248	-
Kerevitaş Gıda San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	69.542.481	-	890.157	-
Azmüsebat Çelik San. Tic. A.Ş.	15.978.704	-	254.764	(2.505.269)
Sağlam İnşaat Taahhüt Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	85.427	(2.585.268)
Most Bilgi Sistemleri Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	36.000	(13.417.892)
Other	- 1 101 01 6 100	- (2.114.000)	1.846.803	(2.966.870)
=	1.404.316.198	(3.114.899)	145.823.664	(28.656.523)
		1 January - 3	0 June 2021	
Transactions with related parties	Purchases	Interest paid	Other income	Other expense
<u>Shareholders</u>				
Yıldız Holding A.Ş.	-	(2.950.543)	222.001	(6.483.423)
Related parties				
Pasifik Tüketim Ürünleri Satış ve Tic. A.Ş.	405.055.126	-	9.448	-
Yeni Teközel Markalı Ürünler Dağıtım Hizmetler	179.330.830	-	6.594	-
Bizim Toptan Satış Magazaları A.Ş.	38.889	-	112.577.955	-
Aytaç Gıda Yatırım San. Tic. A.Ş.	40.107.127	-	-	-
Kerevitaş Gıda San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	24.636.430	-	870.007	-
Azmüsebat Çelik San. Tic. A.Ş.	3.707.040	-	-	-
Sağlam İnşaat Taahhüt Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	55.308	(1.512.041)
Biskot Bisküvi Gıda San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	51.512	-	53.265	(306.456)
G2MEKSPER Satış ve Dağıtım Hizmetleri A.Ş.	-	-	201.190	-
Ülker Bisküvi San. A.Ş.	105.400	-	107.651	(7, 402, 5,60)
Other	195.400	(2.050.542)	1.193.440	(7.402.568)
=	653.122.354	(2.950.543)	115.296.859	(15.704.488)
The total amount of benefits for the key management	it personnel in the	current period is as	s follows:	
			1 January-	1 January
			30 June	30 June
			2022	2021
Salaries and other short termbenefits			14.000.614	8.440.780
			14.000.614	8.440.780

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK RESULTED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Capital Risk Management

28.

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to shareholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes the borrowings disclosed in Note 6, other receivables from related parties and other payables to related parties disclosed in Note 27, cash and cash equivalents disclosed in Note 5 and equity attributable to equity holders of the parent, comprising issued capital, reserves and retained earnings as disclosed in Note 20.

Group management reviews capital based on the leverage ratio to be consistent with other companies in industry. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by the total capital amount. Net debt is calculated as total liability amount (comprises of borrowings, other receivables from related parties and other payables to related parties and interest bearing other payables to non-related parties) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as shareholders' equity plus the net debt amount as presented in the consolidated balance sheet.

As of 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021 net debt / total capital ratio is as follows:

	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
Total borrowings	-	711.932
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 5)	(1.146.661.931)	(1.343.778.022)
Net debt	(1.146.661.931)	(1.343.066.090)
Total equity	1.105.542.268	495.889.838
Total capital	(41.119.663)	(847.176.252)
Gearing ratio	0%	0%

^(*) Effect of TFRS 16 and trade payables are not included.

(b) Financial Risk Factors:

The Group's corporate treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyses exposures by degree and magnitude of risk. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk and price risk) credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk.

The treasury department presents the financial and risk positions of the Group and how to reduce financial risks of the Group to the Board of Directors three times a year and sends monthly reports of its financial position to the main shareholders.

(c) Credit Risk Management

Credit risk refer to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. Receivables arising from sales consists of credit card slips. Since the customers are final consumers, the Group has no risk for credit card slip receivables.

The risk arised from the advances and deposits given in order to make investments by the Group, is under control by obtaining letter of guarantees from various banks. Based on the Group policy, the Group does not pay any advance or deposits without obtaining a letter of guarantee from banks.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

28. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK RESULTED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) Credit Risk Management (Continued)

The credit risks exposured because of financial instrument types		Receiv	ables		_
	<u>Trade recei</u>	<u>vables</u>	Other Rece	<u>ivables</u>	
30 June 2022	Related Party	<u>Other</u>	Related Party	<u>Other</u>	Deposits in banks
Maximum net credit risk as of balance sheet date (i)	54.900.910	31.565.081	-	80.770.024	872.078.522
The part of maximum risk under guarantee with colleteral (ii)	-	-	-	-	-
A. Net book value of neither past due nor impaired financial assets	54.900.910	19.255.758	-	80.770.024	872.078.522
B. Book value of restructured otherwise accepted as past due and impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
C. Net book value of past due but not impaired assets	-	12.309.323	-	-	-
D. Impaired asset net book value					
- Past due (gross amount)	-	8.847.274	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	(8.847.274)	-	-	-
- Net value collateralized or guaranteed part of net value	-	-	-	-	-
- Not over due (gross amount)	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-
- Net value collateralized or guaranteed part of net value	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off-balance sheet items bearing credit risk	-	-	-	-	-

⁽i) The factors that increase the credit reliability such as guarantees received are not considered in the balance.

⁽ii) Except for, there is a credit card receivable amounting to TL 79.049.239 which holds no credit risk.

ŞOK MARKETLER TİCARET A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

28. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK RESULTED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) Credit Risk Management (Continued)

The credit risks exposured because of financial instrument types		Rece	eivables		
	Trade reco	<u>eivables</u>	Other Reco	<u>eivables</u>	
					<u>Deposits in</u>
31 December 2021	Related Party	<u>Other</u>	Related Party	<u>Other</u>	<u>banks</u>
Maximum net credit risk as of balance sheet date (i)	57.553.754	42.408.633	-	45.490.156	1.146.836.496
The part of maximum risk under guarantee with colleteral	-	-	-	-	-
A. Net book value of neither past due nor impaired financial assets (ii)	57.553.754	1.742.548	-	45.490.156	1.146.836.496
B. Book value of restructured otherwise accepted as past due and impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
C. Net book value of past due but not impaired assets - Guaranteed amount by colleteral	-	40.666.085	-	-	-
D. Impaired asset net book value					
- Past due (gross amount)	-	8.907.806	_	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	(8.907.806)	-	-	-
- Net value collateralized or guaranteed part of net value	-	-	-	-	-
- Not over due (gross amount)	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-
- Net value collateralized or guaranteed part of net value	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off-balance sheet items bearing credit risk	-	-	-	-	-

⁽i) The factors that increase the credit reliability such as guarantees received are not considered in the balance.

⁽ii) Except for, there is a credit card receivable amounting to TL 69.458.832 which holds no credit risk.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY $-\,30$ JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

28. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK RESULTED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) Credit Risk Management (Continued)

Aging of overdue receivables as 30 June 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	Receivable	es
	30 June	30 June
	2022	2021
Overdue between 1-30 days	2.838.787	46.247.661
Overdue between 1-3 Months	1.086.112	172.115
Overdue between 3-12 Months	8.384.424	8.673.269
Total overdue receivables	12.309.323	55.093.045
The portion of under guarantee with collateral etc		-

(d) Liquidity risk management:

Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Liquidity Risk Tables

The following table details the Group's expected maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities and prepared with the assumption that the liabilities will be paid as soon as they mature. The tables below have been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets.

The maturities estimated by the Group are same as the maturities on agreements

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

28. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK RESULTED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(d) Liquidity risk management (Continued)

30 June 2022		<u>Contractual</u>				
		undiscounted cash		<u>3-12</u>		
	Book value	<u>flow (I+II+III+IV)</u>	Up to 3 months (I)	months (II)	<u>1-5 years (III)</u>	Over 5 years (IV)
Financial liabilities						
Financial leasing payables	-	3.026	3.026	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	3.493.572.728	6.907.907.162	328.564.337	916.674.102	3.828.091.077	1.834.577.646
Trade payables	8.168.576.475	8.230.822.252	8.230.822.252	-	-	-
Other payables	16.894.621	16.894.621	-	16.037.979	856.642	-
Total liability	11.679.043.824	15.155.627.061	8.559.389.615	932.712.081	3.828.947.719	1.834.577.646
		Contractual				
31 December 2021		<u>Contractual</u>		3.12		
31 December 2021	<u>Book value</u>	Contractual undiscounted cash flow (I+II+III+IV)	Up to 3 months (I)	3-12 months (II)	1-5 years (III)	Over 5 years (IV)
31 December 2021 Financial liabilities	Book value	undiscounted cash	Up to 3 months (I)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1-5 years (III)	Over 5 years (IV)
	Book value 711.932	undiscounted cash	<u>Up to 3 months (I)</u> 719.491	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>1-5 years (III)</u>	Over 5 years (IV)
Financial liabilities		undiscounted cash flow (I+II+III+IV)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>1-5 years (III)</u> - 3.043.273.357	Over 5 years (IV) - 1.494.246.113
Financial liabilities Financial leasing payables	711.932	undiscounted cash flow (I+II+III+IV) 719.491	719.491	months (II)	-	-
Financial liabilities Financial leasing payables Lease liabilities	711.932 3.009.410.095	undiscounted cash flow (I+II+III+IV) 719.491 5.504.354.183	719.491 253.772.359	months (II)	-	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY $-\,30$ JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

28. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK RESULTED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(e) Market Risk Management

The Group's activity is subject to very limited financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Market risk exposures of the Group are measured using sensitivity analysis.

In the current period there has been no significant change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

Foreign currency risk management

Transactions in foreign currencies expose the Group to foreign currency risk. The Group does not use any derivative instruments to preserve its foreign currency risk as a result of its major transactions and cash flows.

The detail by foreign currency of the Group's monetary assets and liabilities with foreign currencies as below:

30 June 2022	TL Equivalent (Functional Currency)	US Dollar	Euro	Other
Monetary financial assets	31.860.755	1.701.017	199.519	519
CURRENT ASSETS	31.860.755	1.701.017	199.519	519
Monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	-	-	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	31.860.755	1.701.017	199.519	519
Trade payables	(39.403.903)	(1.564.302)	(760.671)	_
CURRENT LIABILITIES	(39.403.903)	(1.564.302)	(760.671)	-
Monetary other liabilities	-	-	-	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	(39.403.903)	(1.564.302)	(760.671)	-
Net foreign currency postion	(7.543.148)	136.715	(561.152)	519
Monetary items net foreign currency asset				
/ liability	(7.543.148)	136.715	(561.152)	519

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

28. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK RESULTED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(e) Market Risk Management (Continued)

Foreign currency risk management (Continued)

31 December 2021	TL Equivalent (Functional Currency)	US Dollar	Euro	Other
Monetary financial assets	104.290.773	5.517.206	2.225.999	484
CURRENT ASSETS	104.290.773	5.517.206	2.225.999	484
Monetary financial assets	513.909	39.600	-	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	513.909	39.600	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	104.804.682	5.556.806	2.225.999	484
Trade payables	(24.113.435)	(4.764.408)	2.568.853	_
CURRENT LIABILITIES	(24.113.435)	(4.764.408)	2.568.853	-
Monetary other liabilities	(264.281)	-	(18.000)	-
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	(264.281)	-	(18.000)	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	(24.377.716)	(4.764.408)	2.550.853	-
Net foreign currency postion Monetary items net foreign currency asset	80.426.966	792.398	4.776.852	484
/ liability	80.426.966	792.398	4.776.852	484

Foreign currency sensitivity

The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in US Dollar hence exposures to certain exchange rate fluctuations arise. As of 30 June 2022, a 20% strengthening of US Dollar against the TL, on the basis that all other variables remain constant, would have increased profit before taxation by TL 455.780 (31 December 2021: TL 2.056.669).

The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in Euro hence exposures to certain exchange rate fluctuations arise. As of 30 June 2022, a 20% strengthening of Euro against the TL, on the basis that all other variables remain constant, would have would have decreased profit before taxation by TL 1.966.512 (increased 31 December 2021: TL 14.027.035).

Interest rate sensitivity

The Group is not subject to interest rate risk, as the Group does not have any floating rate liability.

Other price risks

The Group does not hold equity investments or liability like bond / stocks etc. which can be exposed to price changes.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY $-\,30$ JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Categories of financial instruments:

Categories of financial instruments and fair values

30 June 2022	Amortized Cost	Carrying value	Note
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	1.146.661.931	1.146.661.931	5
Trade receivables (including related parties)	86.465.991	86.465.991	7
Other receivables (including related parties)	80.770.024	80.770.024	8
Financial liabilities			
Lease liabilities	3.493.572.728	3.493.572.728	6
Trade payables (including related parties)	8.168.576.475	8.168.576.475	7
Other liabilities (including related parties)	16.037.979	16.037.979	8
31 December 2021	Amortized Cost	Carrying value	Note
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	1.343.778.022	1.343.778.022	5
Trade receivables (including related parties)	99.962.387	99.962.387	7
Other receivables (including related parties)	45.490.156	45.490.156	8
Financial liabilities			
Financail debt	711.932	711.932	6
Lease liabilities	3.009.410.095	3.009.410.095	6
Trade payables (including related parties)	5.321.360.305	5.321.360.305	7
Other liabilities (including related parties)	9.131.172	9.131.172	8

The Group management considers that the carrying values of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

30. EARNINGS PER SHARE

As of 30 June 2022 and 2021 earnings per share calculation is as follows:

Farnings / (loss) per share	1,0286	0,3301
Net Profit / (loss) for the period attributable to equity holder of the parents	610.266.493	195.825.976
Average number of shares during the period (full value)	593.290.008	593.290.008
Earnings / (Loss) per share	2022	2021
	30 June	30 June

31. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

None.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

APPENDIX-1 - EBITDA

The supporting information not required by TFRS is considered important for the Group's financial performance by the Group management and the calculation of EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization) is presented below. The Group calculates the adjusted EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization, other income) for the better understanding of investors and other interested parties about Group operations.

	1 January-	1 January-
	30 June	30 June
	2022	2021
Profit / (Loss) for the period	610.266.493	194.182.302
Tax income / (expense)	(188.182.572)	(67.666.952)
Profit / (Loss) before taxation	798.449.065	261.849.254
Financial income and expense, net	(515.611.181)	(372.226.204)
Income from investment activities, net	62.627.965	70.453.814
Amortization and depreciation	(508.333.822)	(390.913.868)
Other income and expense, net	(233.056.504)	(300.635.650)
EBITDA	1.992.822.607	1.255.171.162
IFRS 16 Effect	617.751.198	463.968.099
EBITDA excluding IFRS 16	1.375.071.409	791.203.063

Such financial information are presented for informational purposes and are not an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

APPENDIX-2 - CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS BEFORE TFRS 16

TFRS 16 Leases

The effects of TFRS 16 lease standard on the Group's consolidated financial statements are presented below:

ASSETS			
Current Asset	2022	TFRS 16 Effect	Before TFRS 16
Prepaid expenses	19.693.961	(4.202.949)	23.896.910
Total Current Assets	7.288.385.264	(4.202.949)	7.292.588.213
Non-Current Assets			
Right-of-use asset	2.968.950.986	2.968.950.986	-
Deferred tax asset	244.176.402	105.374.339	138.802.063
Total Non-Current Asset	6.501.576.547	3.074.325.325	3.427.251.222
TOTAL ASSETS	13.789.961.811	3.070.122.376	10.719.839.435
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	_		
	30 June		
Current Liabilities	2022	TFRS 16 Effect	Before TFRS 16
Short-term lease liabilities	1.140.731.261	1.140.731.261	-
Total Current Liabilities	10.178.556.681	1.140.731.261	9.037.825.420
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term lease liabilities	2.352.841.467	2.352.841.467	-
Total Non-Current Liabilities	2.505.862.862	2.352.841.467	153.021.395
Equity			
Retained earnings / (Accumulated losses)	473.843.107	(358.999.081)	832.842.188
Net profit / (loss) for the period	610.266.493	(63.963.676)	674.230.169
Shareholder's equity	1.105.542.268	(422.962.757)	1.528.505.025
Non-controlling interest		(487.595)	487.595
Total Equity	1.105.542.268	(423.450.352)	1.528.992.620

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

APPENDIX-2 - CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS BEFORE TFRS 16

TFRS 16 Leases

The effects of TFRS 16 lease standard on the Group's consolidated financial statements are presented below:

	1 January		
	30 June		
	2022	TFRS 16 Effect	Before TFRS 16
Revenue	23.545.297.930	-	23.545.297.930
Cost of sales (-)	(17.903.415.451)	-	(17.903.415.451)
Gross profit	5.641.882.479	-	5.641.882.479
Marketing and selling expenses (-)	(3.990.305.870)	302.484.850	(4.292.790.720)
General administrative expenses (-)	(167.087.824)	-	(167.087.824)
Other income from operating activities	23.899.417	-	23.899.417
Other expenses from operating activities (-)	(256.955.921)	-	(256.955.921)
Operating profit	1.251.432.281	302.484.850	948.947.431
Income from investing activities	63.263.930	-	63.263.930
Expense from investing activities (-)	(635.965)	-	(635.965)
Profit before finance expense	1.314.060.246	302.484.850	1.011.575.396
Financial expense (-)	(515.611.181)	(382.513.046)	(133.098.135)
Profit from continuing operations before taxation	798.449.065	(80.028.196)	878.477.261
Period tax expense	(199.564.620)	-	(199.564.620)
Deferred tax income	11.382.048	15.903.489	(4.521.441)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	610.266.493	(64.124.707)	674.391.200

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

APPENDIX-2 - CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS BEFORE TFRS 16

TFRS 16 Leases

The effects of TFRS 16 lease standard on the Group's consolidated financial statements are presented below:

	1 January-		
	30 June		
_	2022	TFRS 16 Effect	Before TFRS 16
A. Cash Generated by Operating Activities			
Profit / (loss) for the period	610.266.493	(64.124.707)	674.391.200
Adjustments related to reconciliation of net profit / (loss)			
for the period			
-Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	508.333.822	315.266.348	193.067.474
-Tax income / (expenses)	308.256.549	(15.903.489)	324.160.038
-Interest expenses	515.611.181	382.513.046	133.098.135
Cash generated by / (used in) operations before changes	_	_	
in working capital	2.132.915.159	617.751.198	1.515.163.961
Changes in working capital:			
Changes in prepaid expenses	2.542.184	(696.787)	3.238.971
Cash used in operations	1.918.896.492	617.054.411	1.301.842.081
Net cash generated by operating activities:	1.389.024.180	617.054.411	771.969.769
B.INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
-Inflows from the sale of property, plant and equipment	81.015	_	81.015
Net cash used in investing activities	(835.275.793)	-	(835.275.793)
C ETNIA NICENIC A CENTREPHEC			
C.FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(202 512 046)	(202 512 046)	
Interest payments of lease liabilities	(382.513.046)	(382.513.046)	-
Payments of lease liabilities	(234.541.365)	(234.541.365)	- (4.2.2.04.0.0<
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities	(750.864.478)	(617.054.411)	(133.810.067)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(107 116 001)		(107 116 001)
(A+B+C) D.CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE	(197.116.091)	-	(197.116.091)
BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	1.343.778.022	_	1.343.778.022
ECASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF			
THE PERIOD (A+B+C+D)	1.146.661.931		1.146.661.931
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